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UNITED STATES AIR FORCE

OGGPA SURVEY REPORT



F-15 AVIONIC SYSTEMS CAREER LADDER

AFSC 452X1A/B/C

AFPT 90-452-851

APRIL 1990

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OCCUPATIONAL ANALYSIS PROGRAM USAF OCCUPATIONAL MEASUREMENT CENTER AIR TRAINING COMMAND RANDOLPH AFB, TEXAS 78150-5000

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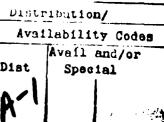
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PREFACE

This report presents the results of an Air Force Occupational Survey of the F-15 Avionic Systems career ladder (AFSC 452X1 A/B/C). Authority for conducting occupational surveys is contained in AFR 35-2. Computer products upon which this report is based are available for use by operations and training officials.

The survey instrument was developed by Mr Donald J. Cochran, Inventory Development Specialist. Mr Wayne Fruge, Computer Programmer, provided computer support for this project. Administrative support was provided by Ms Tamme Lambert. Second Lieutenant Lisa A. Boyce analyzed the data and wrote the final report. This report has been reviewed and approved by Lieutenant Colonel Charles D. Gorman, Chief, Airman Analysis Branch, USAF Occupational Measurement Center.

An F-15 Avionic Systems Training Requirements Analysis (TRA) is being accomplished in conjunction with the F-15 Avionic Systems OSR. The TRA will provide a comprehensive data base to support anticipated training decisions for the career field. It consists of three sections: a) System Overview--an overall perspective of the career ladder training; b) Task Analysis-detailed training decisions data for career ladder technical tasks; and c) Training Requirements/Recommendations--what should be trained, when training should occur, and where training should be provided. Copies of the TRA may be obtained from USAF Occupational Measurement Center, Detachment 5, Lowry AFB CO 80230-5000.

Copies of this occupational survey report are distributed to Air Staff sections, Major Commands, and other interested training management personnel (see distribution on page i). Additional copies are available upon request to the USAF Occupational Measurement Center, Attention: Chief, Occupational Analysis Division (OMY), Randolph AFB, Texas 78150-5000.

BOBBY P. TINDELL, Colonel, USAF Commander USAF Occupational Measurement Center JOSEPH S. TARTELL Chief, Occupational Analysis Division USAF Occupational Measurement Center

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

- 1. <u>Survey Coverage</u>: Survey results are based on responses from 1,041 F-15 Avionic Systems specialists (AFSC 452X1 A/B/C). This represents 65 percent of all assigned 452X1 airmen. Incumbents were surveyed across various major commands and include only 3-, 5-, and 7-skill level personnel.
- 2. <u>Career Ladder Structure</u>: Seven clusters and six independent job types are identified in the 452X1 specialty. The career ladder structure is organized around the different avionic systems which 452X1 airmen maintain. One job, the Multisystems cluster, incorporates tasks associated with all three avionic systems, Attack Control, Instrument and Flight Control, and Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems. The other major jobs include Avionic Systems Training and Logistics Support. Nontechnical functions, such as supervisory and managerial tasks, are primarily performed in the Avionic Systems Supervisor job. This career ladder structure information is helpful in verifying the utilization and training of the F-15 Avionic Systems specialty which was restructured under the 1987 Rivet Workforce program.
- 3. <u>Career Ladder Progression</u>: Both 3- and 5-skill level personnel are performing jobs primarily technical in nature, with little responsibility for supervision and management. The jobs performed by 7-skill level airmen reflect a decline in the time spent performing technical tasks, while supervisory responsibilities increase substantially.
- 4. AFR 39-1 Specialty Descriptions: The descriptions in AFR 39-1 for the 452X1 F-15 Avionic Systems career ladder provide a broad and accurate overview of the tasks and duties performed.
- 5. <u>Iraining Analysis</u>: A review of the 452X1 A/B/C training documents reveals all areas are supported by survey data. Specifically, all matched performance level objectives in both the Specialty Training Standard (STS) and J4ABF45231 A/B/C Course Training Standards (CTS) have greater than 20 percent of the appropriate 452X1 airmen performing related tasks. Similarly, all tasks matched to both the Phase I and Phase II Plans of Instruction (POI) objectives have greater than 30 percent of first-enlistment personnel performing. However, several tasks with sufficient members performing are not referenced to the STS, CTSs, and POIs. Survey data suggest that a review of the STS, CTSs, and POIs is necessary to determine areas which might be appropriate for possible expansion to include these additional items in the training documents.
- 6. <u>Job Satisfaction</u>: Overall, respondents are generally satisfied with their jobs. Members in each career ladder job responded with similar high overall percentages of satisfied members across four indicators, with the exception of the Logistics Support cluster which indicated relatively lower overall satisfaction. Job satisfaction is similar or slightly higher between the F-15 Avionic Systems career ladder and a comparative sample of Mission Equipment Maintenance personnel surveyed in 1988. All 452X1 enlistment groups perceive

higher utilization of their training than their counterparts in the comparative sample. Also, levels of satisfaction in the current survey show a higher view of job interest and utilization of talents and training for first—and second—enlistment members than was noted in the 1982 OSRs.

- 7. <u>MAJCOM Analysis</u>: Analysis identified no unexpected differences between MAJCOMs. The major distinctions noted were between Air Force Logistics Command (AFLC), Air Training Command (ATC), and the remaining commands. AFLC members are primarily involved in Aircraft Battle Damage Repair, while ATC's mission revolves around training. To support these missions, each command performs a distinct array of discriminating tasks. Dissimilarities noted are due to the distinguishing tasks performed to support their missions.
- 8. <u>Implications</u>: The AFSC 452X1 A/B/C career ladder is fairly diverse, with a variety of tasks relating to specific avionic systems being maintained by specialized groups of individuals across the ladder. The AFR 39-1 job descriptions are adequate for the 3-, 5- and 7-skill levels. In terms of training documents, one significant discrepancy is noted. Several high performance tasks are not referenced to the STS, CTSs, and POIs. Job satisfaction is positive for the jobs identified, except for the relatively lower levels noted by Logistics Support cluster personnel. When compared to other Mission Equipment Maintenance personnel, 452X1 members show similar or slightly higher levels of satisfaction. Similarly, minor improvement in satisfaction levels is also noted when compared to previous OSR data published in 1982.

OCCUPATIONAL SURVEY REPORT F-15 AVIONIC SYSTEMS CAREER LADDER (AFSC 452X1 A/B/C)

INTRODUCTION

This is a report of an occupational survey of personnel in the F-15 Avionic Systems career ladder completed by the Occupational Analysis Division, USAF Occupational Measurement Center, in March 1990. No previous occupational survey has been conducted for this career ladder. However, three separate Occupational Survey Reports (OSR) were published which included F-15 Avionic Systems personnel prior to their AFSC conversion in April 1987. These OSRs and their dates of completion are shown below:

March 1982 - 326X6 A/B/C (Attack Control Systems)

wice to

March 1982 - 326X7 A/B/C (Instrument and Flight Control Systems)

June 1982 - 326X8 A/B/C *Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids.

The "B" shred (AFSC 326X6B, 326X7B, and 326X8B) identifies the F-15 personnel. These career ladders have been restructured and recoded as AFSC 452X1 A/B/C under the April 1987 Air Staff initiative "Rivet Workforce."

This survey was requested by the Chief of Maintenance and Acquisition Logistics Policy Division, HQ USAF/LEYM; and the Chief of Aircraft Munitions Maintenance Training Division, HQ ATC/TTOA. The primary purpose of this Occupational Survey Report is to assist verification of utilization and training of the resultant restructured F-15 Avionic Systems program. The survey data will also assist in future consolidation efforts of the Phase II field training detachment (FTD) courses with the current Phase I fundamental courses located at Lowry AFB. A merger of the J4ABF45231A/B/C-002 courses with the G3AQR45231A/B/C-000 courses is projected to occur in the spring of 1991. The OSR data should greatly enhance the efficiency of the conversion process, as well as training document revision efforts.

Background

According to AFR 39-1 Specialty Descriptions for AFSC 452X1 A/B/C, dated 1 Feb 88, F-15 Avionic Systems personnel analyze malfunctions, inspect, install, maintain, and troubleshoot F-15 avionic systems at the organizational level. In addition, they also inspect, service, and perform general aircraft handling procedures. AFSC 45271 technicians perform or supervise many of these same functions.

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AFSC 452X1 A/B/C members maintain five models of the F-15: "A," "B," "C," "D," and "E." The shred (suffix) denotes the F-15 avionic systems supported:

452X1A denotes Attack Control Systems

452X1B denotes Instrument and Flight Control Systems

452X1<u>C</u> denotes Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems

They perform their tasks strictly on the flightline.

The 452X1 specialty requires an ASVAB electronic score of "67" and an "X" factor of "K" (70 lbs) to qualify for entry. Completion of high school with courses in physics and mathematics is desirable. As a Category "A" training specialty, completion of the applicable basic avionic systems courses is mandatory for award of the semiskilled AFSC. Currently, this includes a 42-day electronic principles course (3AQR32020-006) followed by the appropriate apprentice course (G3AQR45231A-000, G3AQR45231B-000, or G3AQR45231C-000) located at Lowry AFB CO. Respectively, these courses are 59, 65, and 68 days in duration and only instruct on knowledge and theory. Upon successful completion of the resident training, students must attend the applicable Phase II FTD Course (J4ABF45231A-002, J4ABF45231B-002, or J4ABF45231C-002) for hands-on training (see Figure 1).

The student flow for FY 89 was 34. The projected student flow for FY 90 is 167. The elimination rate is planned at 5 percent, but in FY 89 there were no washouts from the resident course.

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

Inventory Development

The data collection instrument for this occupational survey was USAF Job Inventory AFPT 90-452-851. A preliminary task list was prepared by the Inventory Developer after carefully reviewing previous task lists, current career ladder publications, training documents, and directives to determine the appropriateness of each task. This tentative task list was refined and validated in the ladder through personal interviews with 42 subject-matter experts representing 2 operational bases and 1 training base. To ensure full coverage of the variety of tasks performed by career ladder members, representative bases where specific models of the F-15 are located, were identified by the HQ TAC Functional Manager. Operational units housed at the following bases were visited:

AFSC 452X1 A/B/C TRAINING PROGRAM

Lowry TTC

	: Comm, Nav, & Pen Aids Systems : G3AQR45231C-000 : 68 Days		Comm, Nav, & Pen Aids Systems: JAABF45231C-002 19 Days
Basic Electronic Principles: 3AIQR32020-006 42 Days	: Instrument and Flight Control Systems : G3AQR45231B-000 : 65 Days	PHASE II : : Field Training Detachment	: Instrument and Flight Control Systems : : J4ABF45231B-002 : : 15 Days
	 : Attack Control Systems : G3AQR45231A-000 : 59 Days		Attack Control Systems: J4ABF45231A-002 20 Days

FIGURE 1

BASE

RATIONALE FOR VISIT

Holloman AFB NM Eglin AFB FL Lowry AFB CO "A" and "B" models
"C" and "D" models
Technical Training Center

Other significant contacts with personnel having career ladder involvement included classification, training, and resource managers; the Air Force functional manager; and the HQ ATC Training Staff Officer.

This process resulted in a final job inventory containing 451 tasks organized under 10 duty headings. Also included was a background section requesting such information as grade, time in service, job satisfaction, reenlistment intentions, functional area, position title, aircraft maintained, test equipment used, and aircraft system or support equipment operated.

Survey Administration

From April through August 1989, Consolidated Base Personnel Offices (CBPO) at operational bases worldwide administered the inventory to all eligible DAFSC 452X1 A/B/C personnel. Members eligible for the survey consisted of the total assigned population, excluding the following: (1) hospitalized personnel; (2) members in transition for a permanent change of station; (3) members retiring during the time inventories were administered to the ladder; and (4) members in the job less than 6 weeks. Participants were selected from a computer-generated mailing list obtained from personnel data tapes maintained by the AF Human Resources Laboratory (AFHRL).

Each individual who filled out an inventory booklet first completed an identification and biographical information section, and then checked each task performed in their current job. Next, members rated these tasks on a 9-point scale showing relative time spent on each task as compared to all other tasks checked. Ratings ranged from 1 (very small amount of time spent) to 9 (very large amount of time spent).

To determine relative percent time spent for each task checked by a respondent, all of the incumbent's ratings are assumed to account for 100 percent of his or her time spent on the job. The rating for each task is divided by the sum of all the ratings, then multiplied by 100 to provide a relative percentage of time for each task. This procedure provides the basis for comparing tasks in terms of both percent members performing and average relative percent time spent.

Survey Sample

Personnel were selected to participate in this survey to ensure accurate representation across major commands (MAJCOM) and paygrade groups. Table 1 displays the MAJCOM distribution of survey respondents corresponding with the percent of assigned personnel as of March 1989. As shown in Table 1, the

TABLE 1

COMMAND REPRESENTATION OF SURVEY SAMPLE AFSC 452X1 A/B/C

	PERCENT OF SAMPLE	100 100 140 1140 1140
452X1C	PERCENT OF PASSIGNED SA	61 144 8 8 8 7 1
18	PERCENT OF SAMPLE	57 13 13 6 6
452X1B	PERCENT OF ASSIGNED	59 12 5 6 4
1A	PERCENT OF SAMPLE	65 13 3 5 5
452X1A	PERCENT OF ASSIGNED	62 11 7 3
A/B/C	PERCENT OF SAMPLE	60 11 5 4 4
452X1	PERCENT OF PERCENT OF ASSIGNED SAMPLE	61 12 10 7 5 5
	COMMAND	TAC USAFE PACAF ATC AFSC AAC AFLC

Total Assigned: * 1,594

Total Eligible for Survey: ** 1,460

Total in Sample: 1,041 Percent of Assigned in Sample: Percent of Eligible in Sample:

Less than 1 percent
 * Assigned strength as of March 1989
 ** Excludes those in PCS, retirement, discharge, or hospital status; and those with less than 6 weeks on the job

majority of 452X1 A/B/C members are assigned to TAC. In addition, Table 2 displass survey respondents across paygrade groups. As illustrated in these tables, the survey sample of all three shreds is representative and comprehensive.

Task Factor Administration

Selected senior personnel completed a second booklet in addition to the job inventory booblet. This second booklet is used to gather information for either training emphasis (TE) or task difficulty (TD). The TE and TD booklets are processed separately from the job inventories and provide task rating information which is used in a number of different analyses discussed in more detail in the following section of this report.

Task Difficulty (TD). Task difficulty is defined as the length of time an average airman needs to learn a task. Given this definition, 62 senior technicians rated the difficulty of all the inventory tasks on a 9-point scale (from extremely low to extremely high). To ensure the validity of the ratings, each technician's rating was compared to those of every other senior technician's rating. A statistical measurement of rating agreement, known as the interrater reliability, indicated acceptable agreement among raters as to the relative difficulty of the tasks. Task difficulty ratings were adjusted so tasks of average difficulty would have ratings of 5.00. The resulting data are essentially a rank ordering of tasks indicating the degree of difficulty for each task in the inventory.

Training Emphasis (TE). Training emphasis is a rating of which tasks require structured training for first-term personnel. Experienced technicians (primarily 7-skill level) completing TE booklets were asked to rate tasks on a 10-point scale (from no training emphasis to extremely high training emphasis). Ratings for first-term personnel were independently collected from 60 NCOs. To ensure validity of the ratings, each technician's ratings were compared to those of every other senior technician's ratings. A statistical measurement of their agreement, known as the interrater reliability, was again found to be acceptable. The average TE rating for the career field is 2.92, with a standard deviation of 1.99. These data also provide essentially a rank ordering of tasks, whereby those with the highest ratings are perceived as most important for structured training.

TE ratings provide objective information which should be used along with task difficulty and percent members performing data when making training decisions. Percent members performing data provide information on how many personnel perform the tasks; TE and TD ratings provide insights on which tasks need training. Using these factors, in conjunction with appropriate training documents and directives, career ladder managers can tailor training programs to accurately reflect the needs of the user by more effectively determining when, where, and how to train first-enlistment AFSC 452X1 A/B/C personnel.

TABLE 2

PAYGRADE DISTRIBUTION OF SURVEY SAMPLE AFSC 452X1 A/B/C

	452X1 A/B/C	1	452X1A	1A	452X1B	18	452	452X1C
PAYGRADE	PERCENT OF ASSIGNED*	PERCENT OF PERCENT OF ASSIGNED* SAMPLE	PERCENT OF ASSIGNED*	PERCENT OF PERCENT OF ASSIGNED* SAMPLE	PERCENT OF ASSIGNED*	PERCENT OF SAMPLE	PERCENT OF ASSIGNED*	PERCENT OF SAMPLE
AIRMAN	56	23	56	21	33	30	40	38
E-4	25	27	33	35	34	35	52	59
E-5	31	32	38	39	30	30	34	31
E-6	12	12	8	S.	m	4	2	м
E-7	v	9	* *	,	0		0	* *
E-8	*	* *	0	0	0	0	0	0

* Assigned strength as of March 1989 ** Less than 1 percent

Data Processing and Analysis

Once job inventories are returned from the survey incumbents, task responses and background information are optically scanned and entered into a UNISYS 11000 mainframe computer. Computer-generated programs, using Comprehensive Occupational Data Analysis Program (CODAP) techniques, are then applied to the data.

CODAP produces composite job descriptions for respondents based on their ratings of specific inventory tasks. These job descriptions provide information on percent members performing each task, the relative average percent time spent performing tasks, and the cumulative percent time spent by all members performing tasks in the inventory. In addition to the job descriptions based upon inventory task data, the program produces summaries that show how members of each group responded to each background item. Background items aid in identifying characteristics of the group, such as DAFSCs represented, time in career ladder, total active federal military service (TAFMS), experience in various functional areas, equipment operated, and job satisfaction levels.

SPECIALTY JOBS (Career Ladder Structure)

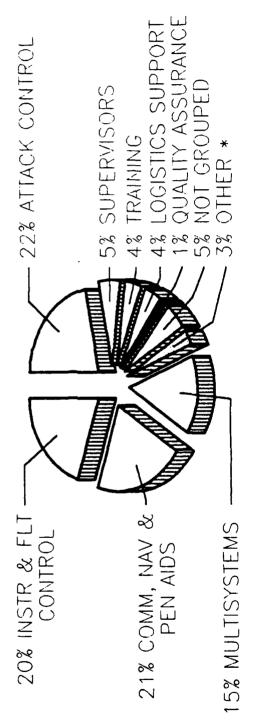
A key aspect of the USAF Occupational Analysis Program is to examine the job structure of a career ladder. Based on incumbent responses to survey questions, the tasks performed by career ladder personnel are examined and jobs are identified based on the similarity of tasks and the relative time they spend performing the tasks. The resulting job structure is then compared to official career ladder documents. This information can be used to examine the accuracy and completeness of career ladder documents (AFR 39-1 Specialty Descriptions and Specialty Training Standards) and to gain an understanding of current utilization patterns.

For this report, the career ladder structure is described in terms of clusters and independent job types. The <u>job type</u> is the basic unit of job analysis. It represents a specific group of individuals performing basically the same tasks and spending similar amounts of time on those tasks. When job type members perform tasks in common with other groups, they merge to form a larger unit of related jobs termed a <u>cluster</u>. Specialized job types too dissimilar to fit within a cluster are labeled <u>independent job types</u> (IJT).

Structure Overview

The specialty job structure of the F-15 Avionic Systems career ladder was determined by performing a job type analysis of the survey data provided by the 1,041 survey respondents. The jobs performed by these airmen separated into seven clusters and six independent job types, as shown in Figure 2.

AFSC 452X1 A/B/C CAREER LADDER STRUCTURE



* OTHER

Debriefers 5%
Expediters 5%
Controllers 5%
Preventive Maintenance 5%
Battle Damage Repair 5%

FIGURE 2

The seven clusters and six independent job types are listed below. The stage (STG) number beside each title is a computer-generated reference number. The letter "N" stands for the number of personnel in each group.

- I. ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG112, N=230)
- II. INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG098, N=206)
- III. COMMUNICATION, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG071, N=219)
- IV. MULTISYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG116, N=155)
- V. AVIONIC SYSTEMS TRAINING CLUSTER (STG024, N=39)
- VI. AVIONIC SYSTEMS SUPERVISORS CLUSTER (STG049, N=55)
- VII. LOGISTICS SUPPORT CLUSTER (STG044, N=37)
- VIII. QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTORS IJT (STG079, N=8)
 - IX. DEBRIEFERS IJT (STG060, N=5)
 - X. FLIGHTLINE EXPEDITERS IJT (STG078, N=5)
 - XI. CONTROLLERS IJT (STG061, N=5)
- XII. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG130, N=5)
- XIII. AIRCRAFT BATTLE DAMAGE REPAIR IJT (STG092, N=5)

Ninety-four percent of the survey respondents are represented in the above job groups. The remaining 6 percent performed jobs that did not group with any of the defined jobs. Brief descriptions of each cluster and independent job type are presented below. In addition, Table 3 provides selected background information across these jobs, while Appendix A lists common tasks performed by incumbents in these groups.

Descriptions of Career Ladder Jobs

I. <u>ATTACK CONTROL</u> <u>SYSTEMS CLUSTER</u> (<u>STG112</u>, N=230). These 230 airmen form the largest group, representing 22 percent of the total survey sample. They primarily perform the technical flightline maintenance of the attack control systems on the five models of the F-15 aircraft. While nearly 90 percent of the personnel in this job hold the "A" shred designator, several members indicated they also work with the "B" (Instrument and Flight Control), and "C" (Comm, Nav, and Pen Aids) avionic systems. The first-line shift

TABLE 3

SELECTED BACKGROUND DATA FOR CAREER LADDER JOBS

	ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG112)	INSTR & FLT CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG098)	COMM, NAV & PEN AIDS SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG071)	MULTI- SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG116)	AVIONIC TRAINING CLUSTER (STG024)	AVIONIC SUPERVISORS CLUSTER (STG049)	LOGISTICS SUPPORT CLUSTER (STG044)
NUMBER IN GROUP	230	506	219	155	39	55	37
PERCENT OF SAMPLE	22%	20%	21%	15%	4%	5%	4%
PERCENT IN CONUS	71%	%99	20%	55%	79%	64%	57%
DAFSC DISTRIBUTION (PERCENT):							
45231A	19%	%0	1%	*	%0	2%	86
45251A	70%	*	%0	32%	10%	18.6	32%
45231B	%0	33%	%0	1%	%0	%0	3%
45251B	*	62%	*	17%	36%		19%
45231C	% 0	*	34%	%0	%0	% 0	%0
4 5251C	*	%0	28%	18%	21%	4%	22%
45271	10%	4%	%9	32%	33%	71%	16%
PREDOMINATE PAYGRADES	E-4	E-4	E-3	E-5	E-5	E-7	E-4
AVERAGE TICF (MOS)	20	46	42	06	97	112	82
AVERAGE TAFMS (MOS) PERCENT IN 1ST ENL	67 47%	5 5 5 8 8 8	55 58%	119 1%	109 0%	179 4%	98 46%
AVERAGE NUMBER OF		101					
AVERAGE NIMBER	/01	/71	16	977	0	/9	3/
PERSONS SUPERVISED		г	2	9	1	6	က

* Less than 1 percent

TABLE 3 (CONTINUED)

SELECTED BACKGROUND DATA FOR CAREER LADDER JOBS

	ASSURANCE IJT (STG079)	DEBRIEFERS IJT (STG060)	FLIGHTLINE EXPEDITERS IJT (STG078)	CONTROLLERS IJT (STG061)	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG130)	BATTLE DAMAGE REPAIR IJT (STG092)
NUMBER IN GROUP	∞	ഹ	ഹ	ហ	ស	2
PERCENT OF SAMPLE	186	. 5%	. 5%	.5	. 5%	. 5%
PERCENT IN CONUS	88%	80%	80%	40%	80%	80%
AFSC DISTRIBUTION (PERCENT):						
45231A	%	% 0	%0	%0	% 0	%
452318	13%	20% 0%	%0 <i>7</i>	20%	20%	20%
452518	% %	% C	% & 6	% & O C	%0 0	%
45231C		* % 0 0	% 0 0 0	% % S C	% 60	20%
45251C	%0	20%	2 %0	4 6 %	, oo	0.8 60.8
452/1	88%	% 0	80%	40%	%09	? %
PREDOMINATE PAYGRADES	E-5/E-7	E-5	E-6	E-5	E-5/E-7	E-5
AVERAGE TICE (MOS)	94	26	78	79	7.7	42
AVERAGE TAFMS (MOS) PERCENT IN 1ST ENL	162 0%	87 40%	206 0%	148 0%	155 0%	97
AVERAGE NIMBER OF						
TASKS PERFORMED AVERAGE NUMBER	65	12	16	11	123	43
PERSONS SUPERVISED	2	-	2	2	4	0

supervisors, as well as a unique group of four specialists performing operational testing and evaluation (OT&E) of radar systems software, were also identified in this job. The shift supervisors and OT&E personnel perform the standard maintenance tasks on the attack control system, as well as additional supervisory and testing/developing tasks. On the average, members report performing 107 tasks. Common tasks include:

Isolate malfunctions within inertial navigation systems (INS) Isolate malfunctions within HUD systems Remove or install RDR system LRUs Remove or install waveguides Isolate malfunctions within central computer (CC) systems Perform operational checkout and BIT of HUD systems

Comprised mostly of 5-skill level personnel, these incumbents average $5\ 1/2$ years of total active federal military service (TAFMS) and predominantly hold the rank of E-4 or E-5.

II. <u>INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG098, N=206)</u>. The 206 members of this job represent 20 percent of the total survey sample. The overall mission of these members involves flightline maintenance on instrument and flight control systems. Ninety-five percent of the personnel in this job hold the "B" shred designator; however, several of the members indicated they also perform work on the "A" (Attack Control) and "C" (Comm, Nav, and Pen Aids) avionic systems. Shift supervisors responsible for Avionic Instrument and Flight Control Systems specialists were also identified. Several pieces of test equipment are unique to this job. Examples include angle-of-attack probe torque tester, automatic flight control systems (AFSCS), compass calibrator, inflight monitor, linear gauge, flight logic test set, fuel quantity tester, and torque strap adapter. Of the average 127 tasks performed by these incumbents, typical tasks include:

Isolate malfunctions within air inlet control systems (AICS)
Isolate malfunctions within attitude heading reference
systems (AHRS)
Perform operational checkout and BIT of AHRSs
Isolate malfunctions within automatic flight control
systems (AFSCS)
Isolate malfunctions within fuel flow indicating systems
Isolate malfunctions within fuel quantity indicating systems

Comprised mostly of 5-skill level personnel, 34 percent of the group is located overseas. Overall, they have an average TAFMS of nearly 5 years and are predominantly in paygrades E-4.

III. <u>COMMUNICATION</u>, <u>NAVIGATION</u>, <u>AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS CLUSTER</u> (STG071, N=219). This large group of 219 airmen comprises 21 percent of the total survey sample. They primarily perform flightline maintenance on F-15 aircraft communication, navigation, and penetration aids (comm, nav, and pen aids) systems. Over 90 percent of these specialists hold the "C" shred designator. However, several of these members indicated they also maintain the "A" and "B" avionic systems. First-line shift supervisors responsible for Comm, Nav, and Pen Aids Systems specialists were also identified in this cluster. Several pieces of test equipment are unique to this job including improved radar simulator (AN/APM-427), air-to-air IFF interrogator test set, IFF transponder (AN/ASM-424) test set, instrument landing system (ILS) test set, WATTS tester, and thru-line WATT meter. Of the average 97 tasks performed by these incumbents, representative tasks include:

Perform operational checkout and BIT of AAI systems
Perform operational checkout and BIT of IFF systems
Isolate malfunctions within identification friend or foe
(IFF) systems
Isolate malfunctions within air-to-air IFF interrogator
(AAI) systems
Isolate malfunctions within ultra high Frequence (UHF)
communication and audio signal systems

Comprised mostly of 5-skill level personnel, 30 percent of the group is located overseas. Overall, they have an average TAFMS of slightly over 4 1/2 years and are predominantly in paygrades E-3 and E-4.

IV. <u>MULTISYSTEMS CLUSTER</u> (STG116, N=155). This diverse group of 155 airmen represents a comprehensive segment of the F-15 Avionic System specialty. Members in this group perform tasks associated with all three avionic systems. Nineteen percent of their relative job time is spent maintaining instrument and flight control systems. Sixteen percent of their job time is spent maintaining attack control systems, and an additional 15 percent is spent maintaining communication, navigation, and penetration aids systems. These members, by performing the spectrum of duties, exemplify the objectives of the Rivet Workforce program. These airmen perform an average of 228 tasks, substantially more than any other job group. Common tasks include:

Perform aircraft safe for maintenance checks
Trace wiring, system, and interface diagrams
Position or remove aircraft chocks or safety pins
Remove or install INS LRUs
Perform operational checkout and BIT of IG systems
Remove or install coaxial cables
Remove or install ADC system LRUs
Remove or install AAI system line replaceable units (LRU)
Remove or install ADF system LRUs

This job group is comprised mostly of 5-skill level personnel. Thirty-two percent hold an "A" shred designation, 17 percent hold a "B" shred designation; and 18 percent are "C" shred specialists. Approximately 45 percent of this group is located overseas, representing the largest concentration of personnel based overseas. Overall, they have an average TAFMS of slightly under 10 years and are predominantly in paygrade E-5.

V. <u>AVIONIC SYSTEMS TRAINING CLUSTER (STG024, N=39)</u>. This group of 39 individuals represent 4 percent of the total survey sample. The majority of these members are instructors at either the basic school at Lowry TTC or at one of the seven Field Training Detachments (FTD). F-15 Avionic Systems FTD courses are located at Eglin, Holloman, Langley, Luke, Nellis, Seymour Johnson, and Tyndall Air Force Bases. Instructors teaching in one of these courses provide specialized training on a specific avionic system. Training NCOs, also identified in this cluster, are responsible for the unit training. They plan or schedule training, such as OJT and ancillary training. These airmen perform an average of 40 tasks. Typical tasks include:

Administer tests
Score tests
Conduct resident course classroom training
Counsel trainees on training progress
Annotate training records

Approximately 85 percent of the personnel involved in avionic systems training are members of ATC, with 79 percent located on bases in the Continental United States (CONUS). Incumbents in this job have an average TAFMS of slightly over 9 years and are in paygrades E-4 through E-6. Over 98 percent have greater than 4 years in the career field, and 100 percent hold either a 5- or 7-skill level rating.

VI. <u>AVIONIC SYSTEMS SUPERVISORS CLUSTER (STG049, N=55)</u>. The 55 members in this group represent the most senior level of personnel in the survey sample. The majority are in paygrade E-7, and 71 percent are qualified to a 7-skill level. With an average of nearly 15 years TAFMS, these incumbents devote approximately 76 percent of their time performing supervisory, managerial, or administrative functions. They supervise an average of nine people. Variations in this job identified three distinct classifications within the supervisory functions which include: NCOIC of Debriefers, Specialist Flight Chief, and Productions Supervisor. Representative tasks of the average 67 tasks performed by this group include:

Write APRs
Plan or schedule work assignments
Establish performance standards for subordinates
Inspect personnel for compliance with military standards

Write recommendations for awards and decorations Interpret policies, directives, or procedures for subordinates

VII. <u>LOGISTICS</u> <u>SUPPORT</u> <u>CLUSTER</u> <u>(STG044, N=37)</u>. This group of 37 respondents, equating to 4 percent of the total survey sample, is responsible for the management and maintenance of supplies, tools, and equipment. Seventy-five percent of their relative job time is spent performing general administrative and supply tasks. Members perform an average of 37 tasks. Common tasks include:

Inventory tools, such as consolidated tool kits (CTK) Inspect tools or equipment Issue tools, equipment, or supplies Maintain tool cribs Process tools or equipment for shipment or deployment

The majority of members hold a 5-skill level DAFSC with slightly under 7 years in the career field. With just over 8 years of TAFMS, these members are predominately in paygrade E-4.

VIII. QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTORS IJT (STG079, N=8). All eight members of this independent job type indicated a job title of "Quality Assurance Inspector." Primarily holding a 7-skill level, with an average of 13 1/2 years of TAFMS, they spend 24 percent of their job time inspecting and evaluating. These members perform an average of 65 tasks. Representative tasks include:

Inspect flightline maintenance actions
Initiate, annotate, or review aircraft flight or
maintenance records, such as AFTO Forms 781 series
Develop quality assurance programs
Evaluate suggestions

IX. <u>DEBRIEFERS IJT (STG060, N=5)</u>. This independent job type includes five individuals who indicated their job title as "Debriefer." This job consists of debriefing aircrews on the avionic systems of the F-15 aircraft, as well as determining from the aircrew system problems after each flight. Individuals in this job may also be responsible for documenting the problems and analyzing them for trends. This is a 12-month position which rotates among the F-15 Avionic System specialists. Incumbents perform an average of 12 tasks. Representative tasks include:

Evaluate personnel for compliance with performance standards or technical orders
Maintain debriefing forms
Debrief aircrews
Analyze avionics status panel (ASP) latch data
Evaluate maintenance and inspection report findings

Members in this group hold a 5-skill level, are in paygrade E-5, and average slightly over 7 years of TAFMS.

X. <u>FLIGHTLINE EXPEDITERS IJT (STG078, N=5)</u>. The five individuals in this independent job type can be considered the flightline coordinators. As indicated, the formal job title is "Flightline Expediters." Their main function involves directing and coordinating activities of maintenance personnel. Expediters perform their job by patrolling the flightline and relaying the operational needs of the flightline to the controllers. On the average, these members perform 16 tasks. Representative tasks include:

Coordinate maintenance work with appropriate personnel or agencies

Determine work priorities

Assign maintenance and repair work

Determine logistics requirements, such as space, personnel, or equipment

Adjust daily maintenance plans to meet operational commitments

Direct flightline maintenance activities

Members in this group predominantly hold a 7-skill level, are in paygrade E-6, and average slightly over 17 years of TAFMS and 6 1/2 years in the career field.

XI. <u>CONTROLLERS IJT (STG061, N=5)</u>. This independent job type acts as a separate control unit, coordinating operational requirements with maintenance resources. Controllers maintain a status board, assigning and tracking long term needs, as indicated by the expediters, with the appropriate available manpower and equipment. Controllers are not to be confused with dispatchers who perform similar tasks, on a short term, in-unit basis. The dispatcher position rotates among F-15 Avionic Systems specialists every 90 days, while the Controller remains in the position for approximately 1 year. Incumbents in this job have an average TAFMS of slightly over 12 years and are in paygrade E-5. They hold a 5- or 7-skill level. Sixty percent of the personnel in the Controllers IJT are located on bases overseas. These airmen perform an average of only 11 tasks. Typical tasks include:

Coordinate maintenance work with appropriate personnel or agencies
Maintain aircraft and parts status indicators, such as boards, graphs, or charts
Maintain dispatch logs or boards

XII. <u>PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG130, N=5)</u>. This independent job type includes personnel who perform specialized maintenance on F-15 aircraft. These individuals are primarily 7-skill levels with the technical expertise to repair rare and difficult problems in a depot environment. Members of this IJT also indicated that they were acting as Flight Test Avionics Instrumentation Technicians involved in research and development. Eighty percent of the members in this job are in Air Force Systems Command or Air Force Logistics Command. Members in this group average just under 13 years of TAFMS. These experts perform, on the the average, 123 tasks. Representative tasks include:

Initiate, annotate, or review aircraft flight or Perform preuse inspection of hydraulic test stands or hydraulic power Perform preuse inspection of oil servicing carts Inspect aircraft wiring Inspect electrical relays Isolate malfunctions within electrical relays

XIII. <u>AIRCRAFT BATTLE DAMAGE REPAIR IJT (STG092, N=5)</u>. This independent job type reflects another highly specialized job within the 452X1 career ladder. Airmen in this group participate in activities involving the repair of simulated battle damages. Although their primary purpose is to anticipate and repair problems on F-15 aircraft, usual simulations occur on C-130s or C-141s. Forty-three percent of their relative job time is spent performing general avionic systems maintenance tasks. Of the average 43 tasks these specialists perform, characteristic tasks include:

Remove or install coaxial cables Remove or install multipin connectors (cannon plug) Repair aircraft wing Trace wiring, system and interface diagrams

These airmen have an average TAFMS of 8 years, are 5-skill level qualified, and hold a paygrade of E-5.

Comparison of Specialty Jobs

Analysis of the AFSC 452X1 A/B/C career ladder structure indicates that the F-15 Avionic Systems specialty may be considered somewhat diverse. was made evident by the clear identification of the three avionic systems clusters. They account for a total of 655 members or 63 percent of the survey Each of the three avionic systems: Attack Control, Instrument and Flight Control, and Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids, involves the performance of unique tasks associated with their respective system. The survey sample divided cleanly into separate shreds, with personnel in each system performing many tasks unrelated to their sister systems. However, one cluster contains personnel with the necessary skills and knowledges needed to maintain all three systems. The Multisystems cluster meets the Rivet Workforce objectives of minimizing an aircraft maintenance dependence on several A Multisystems technician integrates the maintenance system specialists. abilities of personnel from all three shreds. Although each of the specific systems jobs was similar in several respects (size of group, number of tasks performed, experience, skill level, etc.), the Multisystems cluster is smaller in group size, performs significantly more tasks, and on the average contains more senior and experienced airmen.

The remaining three clusters and four of the six independent job types are involved with nontechnical support functions. These jobs (Supervisory, Training, Logistics Support, Debriefers, Expediters, and Controllers) represent 16 percent of the survey sample and contain members with all three shred designations. These support jobs enhance the quality and efficiency of F-15 Avionic Systems maintenance.

In summary, the career ladder structure indicates that members of the F-15 Avionic Systems specialty perform system specific tasks unique to members within each shred. However, these specialized jobs can be combined and performed by a single specialist as exemplified by members of the Multi-Systems cluster. The nontechnical tasks are not shred specific, with personnel performing support tasks to ensure the operational needs are met.

Job Structure Comparison to Previous Surveys

The results of the specialty job analysis were compared to three related Avionic Systems career ladders' occupational survey reports. As mentioned previously, three AFSCs (326X6B, 326X7B, and 326X8B) were merged to form the current 452X1 A/B/C specialty. The last occupational survey reports of AFSC 326X6 A/B/C, Attack Control Systems; AFSC 326X7 A/B/C, Instrument and Flight Control Systems; and AFSC 326X8 A/B/C, Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems, were completed in 1982.

Table 4 lists the major jobs identified in the 1990 survey and their equivalent jobs from the 1982 OSRs. A review of the jobs performed by the current sample indicates that most of the 1990 job groups can be matched to similar jobs performed by the "B" shred F-15 Avionic Systems job groups identified in the 1982 reports. Overall, 11 of the 13 current jobs have an equivalent counterpart in at least one of the previous studies. The two jobs

TABLE 4

COMPARISON OF MAJOR JOBS BETWEEN SURVEYS

CURRENT SURVEY	1982 SURVEYS
ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS TECHNICIANS	AFSC 326X6B F-15 TECHNICAL MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL
INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS TECHNICIANS	AFSC 326X7B F-15 MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL
COMMUNICATION, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS TECHNICIANS	AFSC 326X8B F-15 FLIGHTLINE MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL
MULTI-SYSTEMS TECHNICIANS	AFSC 236X6B INTEGRATED AVIONICS ATTACK; INSTRUMENTS AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE PERSCANEL
	AFSC 236X7B F-15 INSTRUMENT, FLIGHT CONTROL, ATTACK CONTROL, AND COMMUNICATION, NAVIGATION, PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL
AVIONIC SYSTEMS TRAINING	AFSC 326X6B F-15 FTD INSTRUCTORS AFSC 326X6B TECHNICAL SCHOOL INSTRUCTORS
	AFSC 326X7B F-15/F-16 FTD INSTRUCTORS AFSC 326X7B TECHNICAL SCHOOL INSTRUCTORS
	AFSC 326X8B FTD AND TECHNICAL SCHOOL INSTRUCTORS
AVIONIC SYSTEMS SUPERV'SORS	AFSC 326X6B SUPERVISION AND MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL
	AFSC 326X7B MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION PERSONNEL
	AFSC 326X8B SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL

TABLE 4 (CONTINUED)

COMPARISON OF MAJOR JOBS BETWEEN SURVEYS

CURRENT SURVEY	1982 SURVEYS
LOGISTICS SUPPORT TECHNICIANS	AFSC 326X6B DUE-IN-FOR-MAINTENANCE MONITORS AFSC 326X8B TOOL CRIB PERSONNEL
QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTORS	AFSC 326X6B QUALITY CONTROL PERSONNEL AFSC 326X7B QUALITY CONTROL PERSONNEL AFSC 326X8B QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTORS
DEBRIEFERS	AFSC 326X6B BRIEFERS AFSC 326X7B ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL
FLIGHTLINE EXPEDITERS CONTROLLERS	AFSC 326X6B ADMINISTRATIVE MANAGERS AFSC 326X8B JOB CONTROL COORDINATORS
PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE AIRCRAFT BATTLE DAMAGE REPAIR	NOT IDENTIFIED IN PREVIOUS SURVEYS

not identified in the previous studies (Preventive Maintenance IJT and Battle Field Damage Repair) represent less than 1 percent of the current sample and perform highly specialized, nonroutine tasks on the F-15 or other aircraft. With these exceptions, the basic structure of F-15 Avionic Systems has remained basically the same despite major reorganization.

ANALYSIS OF DAFSC GROUPS

In addition to the analysis of the career ladder structure, an examination of the jobs and tasks performed at each skill level is helpful in understanding the F-15 Avionic Systems specialty. The DAFSC analysis compares the skill levels to identify differences in task performance. This information may then be used to determine whether personnel are utilized in the manner specified by the Specialty Description (AFR 39-1) and may serve as a basis for considering changes to current utilization policies and training programs.

Comparison of the duty and task performance between DAFSCs 45231A/31B/31C and 45251A/51B/51C indicates that, even though there are some minor differences, the jobs they perform within each shred are essentially the same. Therefore, each will be discussed as a combined group in this report. Examples of tasks distinguishing between these airmen include a larger percentage of 5-skill level personnel conduct OJT, maintain training records, and counsel trainees on training progress, as well as determine work priorities. The distribution of skill-level groups across specialty jobs is shown in Tables 5A, 5B, and 5C, while Tables 6A, 6B, and 6C list the relative time spent on each duty. Further discussion of this data is contained below.

Skill Level Descriptions

The 842 airmen in the 3- and 5-skill level groups (representing 81 percent of the 452X1 survey sample) perform an average of 107 tasks, with 94 tasks accounting for approximately 50 percent of their job time. As discussed in the introduction, 3- and 5-skill level are divided into three shreds based upon the type of avionic systems maintained by each group. A comparison of Tables 6A, 6B, and 6C, as well as Tables 7A, 7B, and 7C, is beneficial to understanding the similarities and differences in task performance between these groups. For instance, Table 6A illustrates A-shred personnel spend over 30 percent of their total job time maintaining attack control systems. 6B shows B-shred personnel spend over 40 percent of their job time maintaining instrument and flight control systems. Likewise, Table 6C shows C-shred personnel spend over 35 percent of their total job time maintaining communication, navigation, and penetration aids systems. These airmen also primarily perform the technical tasks associated with their shred designation. Examples of tasks likely to be performed by 3- and 5-skill level personnel connect or disconnect aircraft external power, perform aircraft safe for maintenance checks, connect or disconnect aircraft external cooling air units. More detailed job descriptions for the A-, B-, and C-shred journeyman-level airmen are presented in Table 7A, 7B, and 7C, respectively.

TABLE 5A

DISTRIBUTION OF 452X1A DAFSC GROUP MEMBERS
ACROSS CAREER LADDER JOBS
(NUMBER AND PERCENT RESPONDING)

			C 1/51A 09)	DAFS 4527 (N=1	1
CAREER	LADDER JOBS	<u>NBR</u>	PCT	NBR	<u> PCT</u>
I.	ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS (STG112, N=230)	206	67%	22	11%
II.	INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS (STG098, N=206)	1	*	8	4%
III.	COMMUNICATION, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS (STG071, N=219)	1	*	14	7%
IV.	MULTI-SYSTEMS (STG116, N=155)	50	16%	49	25%
٧.	AVIONIC SYSTEMS TRAINING (STG024, N=39)	4	1%	13	7%
VI.	AVIONIC SYSTEMS SUPERVISORS (STG049, N=55)	11	4%	39	20%
VII.	LOGISTICS SUPPORT (STG044, N=37)	15	5%	6	3%
VIII.	QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTORS (STG079, N=8)	1	*	7	4%
IX.	DEBRIEFERS IJT (STG060, N=5)	1	*	0	0
Х.	FLIGHTLINE EXPEDITERS IJT (STG078, N=5)	1	*	4	2%
XI.	CONTROLLERS IJT (STG061, N=5)	1	*	2	1%
XII.	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG130, N=5)	1	*	3	2%
XIII.	AIRCRAFT BATTLE DAMAGE REPAIR IJT (STG092, N=5)	1	*	0	0
	NOT GROUPED (N=45)	<u>15</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>15%</u>
	TOTAL	309	100%	197	101%

^{*} Less than 1 percent

TABLE 5B

DISTRIBUTION OF 452X1B DAFSC GROUP MEMBERS
ACROSS CAREER LADDER JOBS
(NUMBER AND PERCENT RESPONDING)

		DAFSC 45231/51B (N=267)		DAFS 4527 <u>(N=1</u>	1
CAREER	LADDER JOBS	<u>NBR</u>	PCT	NBR	<u>PCT</u>
I.	ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS (STG112, N=230)	1	*	22	11%
II.	INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS (STG098, N=206)	.196	73%	8	4%
III.	COMMUNICATION, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS (STG071, N=219)	1	*	14	7%
IV.	MULTI-SYSTEMS (STG116, N=155)	28	10%	49	25%
٧.	AVIONIC SYSTEMS TRAINING (STG024, N=39)	14	5%	13	7%
VI.	AVIONIC SYSTEMS SUPERVISORS (STG049, N=55)	3	1%	39	20%
VII.	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG130, N=5)	0	0	3	3%
VIII.	QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTORS (STG079, N=8)	0	0	7	4%
IX.	DEBRIEFERS IJT (STG060, N=5)	3	1%	0	0
Χ.	FLIGHTLINE EXPEDITERS IJT (STG078, N=5)	0	0	4	2%
XI.	CONTROLLERS IJT (STG061, N=5)	0	0	2	1%
XII.	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG130, N=5)	0	0	3	2%
XIII.	AIRCRAFT BATTLE DAMAGE REPAIR IJT (STG092, N=5)	1	*	0	0
	NOT GROUPED (N=45)	_12	4%	_30	<u>15%</u>
	TOTAL	267	99%	197	101%

^{*} Less than 1 percent

		452	DAFSC 45231/51C (N=266)		DAFSC 45271 (N=197)	
CAREER	LADDER JOBS	<u>NBR</u>	<u>PCT</u>	<u>NBR</u>	PCT	
I.	ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS (STG112, N=230)	1	*	22	11%	
II.	INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS (STG098, N=206)	1	*	8	4%	
III.	COMMUNICATION, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION A SYSTEMS (STG071, N=219)	IDS 203	76%	14	7%	
IV.	MULTI-SYSTEMS (STG116, N=155)	28	11%	49	25%	
٧.	AVIONIC SYSTEMS TRAINING (STG024, N=39)	8	3%	13	7%	
VI.	AVIONIC SYSTEMS SUPERVISORS (STG049, N=55)	2	1%	39	20%	
VII.	LOGISTICS SUPPORT (STG044, N≈37)	8	3%	6	3%	
VIII.	QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTORS (STG079, N=8)	. 0	0	7	4%	
IX.	DEBRIEFERS IJT (STG060, N=5)	1	*	0	0	
Χ.	FLIGHTLINE EXPEDITERS IJT (STG078, N=5)	2	1%	4	2%	
XI.	CONTROLLERS IJT (STG061, N=5)	1	*	2	1%	
XII.	PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG130, N=5)	1	*	3	2%	
XIII.	AIRCRAFT BATTLE DAMAGE REPAIR IJT (STG092, N=5)	3	1%	0	0	
	NOT GROUPED (N=45)	8	3%	_30	15%	
	TOTAL	266	100%	197	101%	

^{*} Less than 1 percent

TABLE 6A

AVERAGE PERCENT TIME SPENT PERFORMING DUTIES BY 452X1A DAFSC GROUPS

DUTIES	DAFSC 45231A (N=52)	DASFC 45251A (N=257)	DAFSC 45271 (N=197)
A ORGANIZING AND PLANNING B DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING C EVALUATING AND INSPECTING D TRAINING E PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS F PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS G PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS H MAINTAINING ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 3 4 4 5 3 3 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	11 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
I MAINTAINING INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS J MAINTAINING COMMUNICATIONS, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS) * ⊷	ဂူ က က	0 ~ ~

* Less than 1 percent

TABLE 68

AVERAGE PERCENT TIME SPENT PERFORMING DUTIES BY 452X1B DAFSC GROUPS

	DAFSC 45231B (N=74)	DASFC 45251B (N=193)	DAFSC 45271 (N=197)
UNITES	7	7227	
A ORGANIZING AND PLANNING	*	3	12
B DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING	-	က	14
C EVALUATING AND INSPECTING	*	က	11
D TRAINING	*	7	10
E PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS	∞	12	12
F PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS	18	14	∞
G PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS	14	12	10
H MAINTAINING ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS	2	4	∞
I MAINTAINING INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS	52	38	7
J MAINTAINING COMMUNICATIONS, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS	 4	က	7

* Less than 1 percent

TABLE 6C

AVERAGE PERCENT TIME SPENT PERFORMING DUTIES BY 452X1C DAFSC GROUPS

	DA	DAFSC	DASFC	DAFSC
	45	45231C	45251C	45271
DUTIES	(N	(6Z=N)	(N=187)	(N=197)
A ORGANIZING AND PLANNING		-	က	12
B DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING		*	က	14
C EVALUATING AND INSPECTING		*	က	11
D TRAINING		*	9	10
E PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS		7	$1\overline{2}$	12
F PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS		17	13	, ∞
G PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS		21	38	10
H MAINTAINING ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS		; -	, m	, α
I MAINTAINING INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS		. ~	, m	^
J MAINTAINING COMMUNICATIONS, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS	AIDS SYSTEMS	20	35	7

* Less than 1 percent

TABLE 7A

REPRESENTATIVE TASKS PERFORMED BY DAFSC 45231A AND 45251A PERSONNEL (N=309)

TASKS		PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
F187	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL POWER PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS	84
G277	PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS	84
H301	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS	
	(INS)	84
H338	RÉMOVE OR INSTALL RDR SYSTEM LRUS	84
F186	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL COOLING AIR UNITS	83
G271	INSPECT WAVEGUIDES	83
G287	REMOVE OR INSTALL WAVEGUIDES	83
H299	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS	83
H318	REMOVE OR INSTALL WAVEGUIDES ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF HUD SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF INSS REMOVE OR INSTALL HUD SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU)	83
H324	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF INSs	83
H329	REMOVE OR INSTALL HUD SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU)	83
G2/0	INSPECT TRIAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS	82
H297	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN CENTRAL COMPUTER (CC) SYSTEMS	82
H298	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FIRE CONTROL RADAR (RDR)	
	SYSTEMS	82
H317	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BUILT-IN TEST (BIT) OF CC SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF RDR SYSTEMS	
	OF CC SYSTEMS	82
H322	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF RDR SYSTEMS	82
H331	REMUVE UR INSTALL INSTRUS	82
F188	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR	
	HYDRAULIC POWER	81
G267	HYDRAULIC POWER INSPECT COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS INSPECT MULTIPIN CONNECTORS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO NAVIGATION CONTROL INDICATOR	81
G269	INSPECT MULTIPIN CONNECTORS	81
H296	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO NAVIGATION CONTROL INDICATOR (NCI) PANELS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN LEAD COMPUTING GYROS (LCG) ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN OVERLOAD WARNING SYSTEMS (OWS) PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF LCGs REMOVE OR INSTALL CC SYSTEMS	
	(NCI) PANELS	81
H302	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN LEAD COMPUTING GYROS (LCG)	81
H304	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN OVERLOAD WARNING SYSTEMS (OWS)	81
H320	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF LCGs	81
H326	REMOVE OR INSTALL CC SYSTEMS	81
G278	PERFORM SAFETY WIRING	80
H332	REMOVE OR INSTALL LCGs	80
G284	REMOVE OR INSTALL MULTIPIN CONNECTORS (CANNON PLUG)	79
G291	PERFORM SAFETY WIRING REMOVE OR INSTALL LCGs REMOVE OR INSTALL MULTIPIN CONNECTORS (CANNON PLUG) TRACE WIRING, SYSTEM, AND INTERFACE DIAGRAMS PERFORM CHECKOUT OF NCI PANELS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF OWSs	79
Н315	PERFORM CHECKOUT OF NCI PANELS	79
H325	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF OWSs ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN TRIAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS	79
G276	ISOLATE MALEUNCTIONS WITHIN TRIAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS	78

TABLE 7B

REPRESENTATIVE TASKS PERFORMED BY DAFSC 45231B AND 45251B PERSONNEL (N=267)

TASKS		PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
F187	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL POWER	86
F186	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL COOLING AIR UNITS	85
I344	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIR INLET CONTROL SYSTEMS (AICS) ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ATTITUDE HEADING REFERENCE SYSTEMS (AHRS) PERFORM LEAK CHECKS OF PITOT STATIC SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AHRSS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF FUEL QUANTITY INDICATING SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF AFCSS CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR HYDRAULIC POWER PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS (AFCS)	
	(AICS)	85
I345	ISOLATÉ MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ATTITUDE HEADING REFERENCE	
	SYSTEMS (AHRS)	85
I366	PERFORM LÈAK CHECKS OF PITOT STATIC SYSTEMS	85
I370	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AHRSs	85
I372	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF FUEL QUANTITY	
	INDICATING SYSTEMS	85
I375	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF AFCSs	85
F188	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR	
	HYDRAULIC POWER	84
G277	PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS	84
I346	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL	
	SYSTEMS (AFCS)	84
I350	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL FLOW INDICATING SYSTEMS	84
I351	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL FLOW INDICATING SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL QUANTITY INDICATING	
	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL FLOW INDICATING SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL QUANTITY INDICATING SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN PITOT STATIC, HEATER, AND INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF ADC SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AICSS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF HSI SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF HYDRAULIC PRESSURE INDICATING SYSTEMS REMOVE OR INSTALL AHRS LRUS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HORIZONTAL SITUATION INDICATING (HSI) SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN STANDBY ATTITUDE INDICATORS REMOVE OR INSTALL ADC SYSTEM LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL AHRS LRUS	84
I357	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN PITOT STATIC, HEATER, AND	
	INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS	84
1369	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF ADC SYSTEMS	84
1371	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AICSS	84
1373	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF HSI SYSTEMS	84
1379	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF HYDRAULIC PRESSURE	0.4
	INDICATING SYSTEMS	84
1386	REMOVE OR INSTALL AHRS LRUS	84
1352	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HORIZONTAL SITUATION	83
	INDICATING (HSI) SYSTEMS	83
1359	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN STANDBY ATTITUDE INDICATORS	83
1384	REMOVE OR INSTALL AUC SYSTEM LRUS	i33
	REMOVE OR INSTALL AHRS LRUS	.33
I387	REMOVE OR INSTALL ALCS LRUS	83
1392	REMOVE OR INSTALL FUEL QUANTITY INDICATING SYSTEM LRUS	83
1393	REMOVE OR INSTALL HST SYSTEM LRUS	83
1341	REMOVE OR INSTALL ADC STSTEM LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL AHRS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL AICS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL FUEL QUANTITY INDICATING SYSTEM LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL HSI SYSTEM LRUS CALIBRATE FUEL QUANTITY INDICATING SYSTEMS	82
I378	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF FLIGHT CONTROL TRIM	82
T 2 C 1	SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF RITOT STATIC HEATER AND	82
1381	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF PITOT STATIC, HEATER, AND	82
	INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS	04

TABLE 7C

REPRESENTATIVE TASKS PERFORMED BY DAFSC 45231C AND 45251C PERSONNEL (N=266)

TASKS	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
F186 CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL COOL	
F187 CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL POWE	
J424 PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AAI	
J426 PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF IFF J432 PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF UHF	
AND AUDIO SIGNAL SYSTEMS	
G291 TRACE WIRING, SYSTEM, AND INTERFACE DIAGRAMS J412 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN IDENTIFICATION F (IFF) SYSTEMS	
J428 PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF TACA	
J436 REMOVE OR INSTALL AAI SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABL	
G277 PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS	86
J410 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIR-TO-AIR IFF I	_ -
(AAI) SYSTEMS	86
J425 PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF ADF	
J433 PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF ILSs	86
J439 REMOVE OR INSTALL IFF SYSTEM LRUS	86
J449 REMOVE OR INSTALL UHF COMMUNICATION AND AUDIO	
J413 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INSTRUMENT LANDI	NG SYSTEMS
(ILS)	85
J415 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN TACTICAL AIR NAV	IGATION
(TACAN) CYCTEMC	Q.S.
J420 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ULTRA HIGH FREQU COMMUNICATION AND AUDIO SIGNAL SYSTEMS	ENCY (UHF) 85
J427 PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF MODE	4 CRYPTO
EQUIPMENT	85
J443 REMOVE OR INSTALL TACAN SYSTEM LRUS	85
G267 INSPECT COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS	83
J405 CODE MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT	83
J414 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INTERFERENCE BLAF (IBS)	NKER SYSTEMS 83
J440 REMOVE OR INSTALL ILS LRUS	83
J407 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPM	
J411 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AUTOMATIC DIRECT	
(ADF) SYSTEMS	82
J441 REMOVE OR INSTALL MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT LRI	
J421 PERFORM BIT OF IBSs	81

<u>DAFSC 45231/51A</u> personnel perform an average of 87 tasks, with 62 tasks accounting for approximately 50 percent of their job time. Of the 309 A-shred 3- and 5-skill airmen, 206 are members of the Attack Control Systems cluster. Seventy-three percent of the 267 <u>DAFSC 45231/51B</u> airmen are members of the Instrument and Flight Control Systems cluster. These personnel perform an average of 113 tasks, with 43 tasks accounting for approximately 50 percent of their job time. <u>DAFSC 45231/51C</u> personnel perform an average of 120 tasks, with 70 tasks accounting for approximately 50 percent of their job time. Of the 266 C-shred 3- and 5-skill airmen, 203 are members of the Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems cluster.

DAFSC 45271: The 197 7-skill level personnel (19 percent of the 452X1 survey sample) perform an average of 113 tasks. These airmen supervise an average of seven people and spend 59 percent of their time on supervisory and managerial tasks (Duties A through E). While many of the 7-skill level personnel are members of the Avionic Systems Supervisor cluster, nearly 48 percent of these highly skilled airmen are also present in the more technically oriented jobs (see Tables 5A, 5B, or 5C). Examples of tasks performed by this group include: write APRs, counsel personnel on personal or military-related matters, determine work priorities, and inspect flightline maintenance actions. A more complete listing of characteristic tasks for these incumbents can be found in Table 8.

Tasks which best distinguish the 7-skill level personnel from their junior counterparts are presented in Tables 9A, 9B, and 9C. Examples of tasks with the greatest difference in members performing include junior level personnel removing or installing OWS LRUs, isolating malfunctions within fuel flow indicating systems, and isolating malfunctions within instrument landing systems. Tasks performed by senior level NCOs include supervising Avionic Systems Technicians (AFSC 45271), writing recommendations for awards and decorations, and supervising military personnel with AFSCs other than 452X1. As expected, the key difference lies in a greater emphasis on supervisory functions for 7-skill level airmen.

Summary

Career ladder progression within the 452X1 career ladder is typical of most ladders. Both 3- and 5-skill level personnel spend the majority of their job time performing technical tasks. Individuals possessing a 7-skill level concentrate their efforts on supervisory and managerial functions, with a substantial decrease in time spent performing tasks technical in nature.

TABLE 8

REPRESENTATIVE TASKS PERFORMED BY DAFSC 45271 PERSONNEL (N=197)

TASKS	<u> </u>	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
C81	WRITE APRS	73
B31	COUNSEL PERSONNEL ON PERSONAL OR MILITARY-RELATED MATTERS	69
8A		63
C76	INSPECT PERSONNEL FOR COMPLIANCE WITH MILITARY STANDARDS	63
C82	WRITE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR AWARDS AND DECORATIONS	63
D85		63
E138		
	MAINTENANCE RECORDS, SUCH AS AFTO FORMS 781 SERIES	63
A1		62
D103		62
A5		
	AGENCIES	60
	TRACE WIRING, SYSTEM, AND INTERFACE DIAGRAMS	60
B46		57
	INSPECT MULTIPIN CONNECTORS	57
G290		57
	INSPECT FLIGHTLINE MAINTENANCE ACTIONS	56
	INSPECT TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT	55
F186		55
F187		55
A20		54
D91	COUNSEL TRAINEES ON TRAINING PROGRESS	54

TABLE 9A

REPRESENTATIVE TASK DIFFERENCES BETWEEN DAFSC 45231/51A AND DAFSC 45271 PERSONNEL (PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING)

TASKS		DAFSC 45231/51A (N=309)	DAFSC 45271 (N=197)	DIFFERENCE
H337 H336 H304 H304 H320 H329 H329	REMOVE OR INSTALL OWS LRUs REMOVE OR INSTALL NCI PANEL DIGITAL READOUT DISPLAY (DRD) ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN OVERLOAD WARNING SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF HUD SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF LCGs REMOVE OR INSTALL HUD SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU) REMOVE OR INSTALL LCGs ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS	78 78 83 83 83 84 84	31 32 38 38 38 36 40	444 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45
C81 A25 B54 B16 C76 B46 B31 B56 C83	WRITE APRS SCHEDULE PERSONNEL FOR LEAVE OR TEMPORARY DUTY (TDY) SUPERVISE AVIONIC COMMUNICATION, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION AIDS SYSTEMS SPECIALISTS (AFSC 45231C) ESTABLISH PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR SUBORDINATES INSPECT PERSONNEL FOR COMPLIANCE WITH MILITARY STANDARDS INTERPRET POLICIES, DIRECTIVES, OR PROCEDURES FOR SUBORDINATES COUNSEL PERSONNEL ON PERSONAL OR MILITARY-RELATED MATTERS SUPERVISE MILITARY PERSONNEL WITH AFSC OTHER THAN 452X1 WRITE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR AWARDS AND DECORATIONS SUPERVISE AVIONIC SYSTEM TECHNICIANS (AFSC 45271)	40 9 12 18 28 21 32 14 23	73 43 46 53 63 63 49	-33 -34 -35 -35 -35 -37 -40 -40

TABLE 98

REPRESENTATIVE TASK DIFFERENCES BETWEEN DAFSC 45231/51B AND DAFSC 45271 PERSONNEL (PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING)

TASKS		DAFSC 45231/51B (N=267)	DAFSC 45271 (N=197)	DIFFERENCE
1350 1344	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL FLOW INDICATING SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIR INLET CONTROL SYSTEMS	84	22	62
1353	MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HYDRAULIC	85	56	09
· ·		84	24	9
1359	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN STANDBY ATTITUDE INDICATORS	83	23	9
I362	MAINTAIN PITOT STATIC, HEATER, AND INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS	81	21	09
1341 1351	CALIBRATE FUEL QUANTITY INDICATING SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL OUANTITY INDICATING	82	22	59
	SYSTEMS	84	25	59
1357	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN PITOT STATIC, HEATER, AND		;	}
1		84	25	59
1371	ERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT	84	25	29
1379	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF HYDRAULIC PRESSURE	84	25	59
A21	PLAN OR SCHEDULE WORK PRIORITIES PLAN OR SCHEDIL F WORK ASSIGNMENTS	15 17	51	-36
B46	INTERPRET POLICIES, DIRECTIVES, OR PROCEDURES FOR) T	t O	6
	SUBORDINATES	19	57	-38
676	INSPECT PERSONNEL FOR COMPLIANCE WITH MILITARY STANDARDS	25	63	-38
A C D	SCHEDULE PERSONNEL FOR LEAVE UK (EMPUKAKY DOLY (IDY)	~ e	4 3	-40
031 C81	- 5	32	73	-4] -4]
856	SUPERVISE MILITARY PERSONNEL WITH AFSC OTHER THAN 452X1	j 6 '	51	-42
855 707	SUPERVISE AVIONIC SYSTEMS TECHNICIANS (AFSC 452/I)	တ င	4 6 0	-43
707	WATTE RECOMMENDALIONS FOR AWARDS AND DECORALIONS	۲٦	63	5 6 7 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

TABLE 9C

REPRESENTATIVE TASK DIFFERENCES BETWEEN DAFSC 45231/51C AND DAFSC 45271 PERSONNEL (PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING)

DIFFERENCE	56	56	54	54	5.0 4.0 4.0	54	53	53		- 38 8	138	- 39 - 39	-39	-4 1		-43 -43	-43
DAFSC 45271 (N=197)	31	59	28	31	31	31	33 33	33		43	42 54	69	63	57 51		47	63
DAFSC 45231/51C (N=266)	87	85	82	85	85 86	85	86 86	98	L	n	4 ተ	30	24	16 9	•	4 0	20
TASKS	J412 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN IDENTIFICATION FRIEND OR FOE (IFF) SYSTEMS J413 ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEMS	(ILS) ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN	(ADF) SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN	IIN ULTI	COMMUNICATION AND AUDIO SIGNAL SYSTEMS J433 PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF ILSs		AND BIT OF	SYSTEM LRUS	B49 SUPERVISE APPRENTICE AVIONIC ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS	B52 SUPERVISE AVIONIC INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS	SPECIALISTS (AFSC 45251B) A20 PLAN OR SCHEDULE WORK ASSIGNMENTS	٠,	C/b INSPECT PERSONNEL FOR COMPLIANCE WITH MILITARY STANDARDS 846 INTERPRET POLICIES, DIRECTIVES, OR PROCEDURES FOR	SUBORDINATES BS6 SUPERVISE MILITARY PERSONNEL WITH AFSC OTHER THAN 452X1	SUPERVISE AVIONIC A	NIC SYSTEM TECHNICIANS	

ANALYSIS OF AFR 39-1 SPECIALTY DESCRIPTIONS

The results of the skill level and job structure analysis were compared with the AFR 39-1 Specialty Descriptions, dated 1 February 1988, for the F-15 Avionic Systems specialty. The descriptions in AFR 39-1 describe in broad terms the tasks and duties performed by members of the various skill-level groups of a career ladder.

These broad descriptions for 452X1 personnel are well supported by the findings of this survey. The descriptions depict the technical aspects of the job, as well as the major jobs identified in the work structure analysis.

TRAINING ANALYSIS

Occupational survey data provide one of several sources of information which can be used to make training programs more relevant and meaningful to students. The three most commonly used types of occupational survey information are: (1) the percent of first-enlistment personnel performing tasks covered in the job inventory, (2) ratings of relative difficulty of tasks, and (3) the ratings of relative emphasis which should be placed on tasks for first-enlistment training. These data can be used in evaluating training documents, such as the Specialty Training Standard (STS) and the Plan of Instruction (POI).

To aid in the evaluation of the 452X1 A/B/C specialty training documents, personnel at the 3450th Technical Training Group and the 532d Field Training Detachment for F-15 Avionic Systems matched nonmanagerial job inventory tasks to appropriate sections of the Specialty Training Standard (STS), Plans of Instruction (POIs), and Course Training Standards (CTSs). With these matchings, comparisons of survey data to the training documents were accomplished. A complete computer listing displaying percent members performing tasks, training emphasis, and task difficulty ratings for each task, along with STS, POIs, and CTSs matchings, has been forwarded to the technical school for its use in further detailed reviews of training documents. The AFSC 452X1 Training Requirements Analysis (TRA), scheduled for publication in May 1990, will also be made available to the technical school to assist in the evaluation of the training documents.

Training Emphasis and Task Difficulty

Training emphasis (TE) and task difficulty (TD) ratings are factors that can assist technical school personnel in deciding what tasks should be emphasized in entry-level training. TE ratings provided by career ladder subject-matter experts yielded an average rating of 2.92, with a standard deviation of 1.99. Therefore, tasks having a rating of 4.91 (average TE + 1 standard deviation) or better are considered highly recommended for structured training. TD ratings were adjusted to an average of 5.00 and a standard deviation

of 1.00. Tasks with ratings of 3.00 or better are perceived as difficult enough to warrant centralized training. For a complete discussion of TE and TD, please refer back to the Task Factor Administration section of this report.

Tasks having the highest TE ratings are listed in Tables 10 and 11. Table 10 includes, for each task, the percentage of total first-job and first-enlistment personnel performing and the TD rating. Included in Table 11 are the percent of A-, B-, and C-shred first-enlistment personnel performing each task and the TD ratings. As illustrated in Tables 10 and 11, these tasks pertain to a variety of technical functions within the specialty. A majority of these tasks fall into the performing general avionics maintenance category, with others relating to maintaining the three types of F-15 avionic systems. In addition, several of these tasks are performed by substantial percentages of first-enlistment personnel and have average to high TD ratings.

Table 12 lists the tasks having high TD ratings. The percentage of total first-enlistment, 5-, and 7-skill level personnel performing and the TE rating are also included for each task. Most of these tasks relate to supervisory functions or performing boresight alignments. These tasks are not performed by many airmen and have low TE ratings.

While reviewing this section of the report, note that tasks performed by moderate to high percentages of personnel (30 percent or better) in the first-enlistment group may justify resident technical training. TE and TD ratings, composed of the opinions of experienced career ladder personnel, are secondary factors that may assist training developers in deciding which tasks should be emphasized for entry-level training. Those tasks receiving high task factor ratings, but performed by low percentages of first-enlistment personnel, may be more appropriately planned for OJT programs within the career ladder. Low task factor ratings may highlight tasks best left out of training for new personnel. Training decisions are not only weighed against these factors, but should be influenced by many other considerations including command concerns, safety standards, and criticality of the tasks.

Analysis of First-Enlistment Personnel

In this study, there are 387 airmen in their first enlistment, representing 37 percent of all 452X1 personnel. These airmen are qualified at either the 3- or 5-skill level. Figure 3 reflects the distribution of these first-enlistment airmen across career ladder jobs. As shown in Figure 3, most of the first-enlistment members are located in three major jobs, Attack Control Systems, Instrument and Flight Control Systems, and Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems, accounting for 92 percent of all 1-48 months TAFMS respondents. Other job groups with first-enlistment personnel include the Logistics Support cluster (4 percent) and the Debriefers IJT (1 percent).

Table 13A presents a list of representative tasks performed by the 452X1A first-termers. The 125 A-shred first-enlistment personnel perform an average of 85 tasks. Most of the tasks pertain to maintaining attack control systems.

TASKS RATED HIGHEST IN TRAINING EMPHASIS (TE)
FOR 452X1 A/B/C PERSONNEL
(GREATER THAN 1 STANDARD DEVIATION ABOVE THE AVERAGE)

			N=38/)	UIFFXX
3, SYSTEM, AND INTERFACE DIAGRAMS	•	88	85	6.15
RAFT WIRING	•	74	78	•
AINTENANCE	•	83	88	•
AIRCRAFT	•	77	80	•
	•	65	65	•
MULTIPIN CONNECTORS	•	89	72	6.50
WITHIN FIRE CONTROL RADAR (RDR) AIRCRAET HYDRAIIIC TEST STANDS	.2	21	58	•
	Τ.	69	74	۲.
AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL		91	06	7
WITHIN INERTIAL	0	25	32	?
—	0	24	31	0.
COAXIAL CABLES AND	0.	09	59	ω̈
CONNECTORS (CANNON	0.	71	9/	0.
	ο.	93	06	6.
RATIONAL CHECKOUT OF INSS	ο.	75	9/	0
DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL COOLING AIR UNITS	ο.	25	32	9.
	∞	72	9/	7.
	∞	27	33	9.
NIHLIN	∞.	24	31	5.35
	∞.	52	61	۲.
WITHIN INDICATOR GROUP (IG) SYST	∞.	24	53	ς.
WITHIN OVERLOAD WARNING	۲.	22	29	6.
WITHIN AUTOMATIC FLIGHT	١	,		
WITHIN AID-IN-AID ICC	· .	31		6.88
WILLIAM AIR-IO-AIR IFF	5, 73	44	34	σ
RATIONAL CHECKOUT OF OWSS	5.71	21	27	4.95
Y GROUND AIRCRAFT	5.69	99	72	.7
	ORS AR (T ST T ST ION ION (CC (CC (CC SYS	WITHIN AIRCRAFT WIRING WITHIN AIRCRAFT WIRING ROERS WITHIN MULTIPIN CONNECTORS WITHIN FIRE CONTROL RADAR (RDR) SYSTEMS T AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL POWER WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS WITHIN COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS ELIPIN CONNECTORS (CANNON PLUG) SCHECKOUT AND BIT OF RDR SYSTEMS WITHIN COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS ELIPIN CONNECTORS (CANNON PLUG) SCHECKOUT OF INSS T AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL COMPUTER (CC) SYSTEMS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS WITHIN OVERLOAD WARNING SYSTEMS (OWS) WITHIN AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL WITHIN AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SCHECKOUT OF OWSS CHECKOUT OF OWSS AIRCRAFT	WITHIN AIRCRAFT WIRING WITHIN AIRCRAFT WIRING ROERS WITHIN MULTIPIN CONNECTORS WITHIN MULTIPIN CONNECTORS WITHIN FIRE CONTROL RADAR (RDR) SYSTEMS I AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL POWER WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS WITHIN COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS ELIPIN COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS WITHIN COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS ING CHECKOUT OF INS I AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL COOLING AIR UNITS SWITHIN CENTRAL COMPUTER (CC) SYSTEMS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS WITHIN UNDICATOR GROUP (IG) SYSTEMS WITHIN AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL WITHIN AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL WITHIN AIR-TO-AIR IFF INTERROGATOR CHECKOUT OF OWSS AIRCRAFT	FURTHIN FIRE CONTROL RADAR (RDR) SYSTEMS

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (High = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 11

TASKS RATED HIGHEST IN TRAINING EMPHASIS (TE) FOR 452X1A, 452X1B, AND 452X1C PERSONNEL (GREATER THAN 1 STANDARD DEVIATION ABOVE THE AVERAGE)

		T.	452X1A	452X1B	452X1C	; ;
TASKS		EMPH*	131 ENL (N=125)	131 ENL (N=130)	151 ENL (N=131)	LASK DIFF**
•		1			7=2=	
6291	TRACE WIRING, SYSTEM, AND INTERFACE DIAGRAMS	6.98	79	χ. Υ.	σα	71.
6288	REPAIR AIRCRAFT WIRING	6.97	74) (X	5.	• •
G277	PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS	6.76	. «	2 & 2 &	\ 0	•
G272	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIRCRAFT WIRING	6.60	62	8 2	n c	47.4
6290		6.23	6.6	ά	3 0	•
6275	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN MULTIPIN CONNECTORS	6 21	20) (, c	
H298	MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN	•		3	?	
		6 21	78	c	c	
F188	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR	1.0	+ 5	>	7	0.40
1	HYDRAULIC POWER	6.16	84	87	7.	4 18
F187	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL POWER	71.	æ	ά	100	707.
H301	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS	•	3	ò	36	0/.7
	(INS)	6.08	89	7	_	5 22
H322	_	90.9	87	4	۳ (۰۰	7. 7. 00
62/3	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS	6.02	80	19	20	20.4
6284	REMOVE OR INSTALL MULTIPIN CONNECTORS (CANNON PLIE)	90.9	0 0 0	25	ر ر د ر	0.0
G 265		n. 0	97	? c	o .	0.03
H324		7.7	0 6	ו סי	93 1	76.7
1100	OD DISCONNECT ADDRESS	26.6	×	9/	75	5.05
007.0		5.95	98	∞	2	4.69
6075	MULIFIN CONNECTORS	5.89	84	65	79	4.76
1221	MALFUNCITONS WITHIN CENT	5.87	98	ß	ω	5.60
6674	ISULATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS	5.82	88	2	ഹ	<u>ر</u>

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (High = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 11 (CONTINUED)

TASKS RATED HIGHEST IN TRAINING EMPHASIS (TE) FOR 452X1A, 452X1B, AND 452X1C PERSONNEL (GREATER THAN 1 STANDARD DEVIATION ABOVE THE AVERAGE)

TASKS		TNG EMPH*	452X1A 1ST ENL (N=125)	452X1B 1ST ENL (N=130)	452X1C 1ST ENL (N=131)	TASK
G289 H300	REPAIR CHAFED AREAS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INDICATOR GROUP (IG) SYSTEMS	5.81	66 74	60 15	56 2	5.78
H304	ISULATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN OVERLUAD WARNING STSTEMS (OWS)	5.76	85	4		5.96
1410	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ACTOMATIC PLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS (AFCS) TSOLATE MALEUNCTIONS WITHIN AID-IN-AID IEF INTERROGAIOR	5.76	2	91	-	6.88
0410	(AAI) SYSTEMS	5.73	9	2	94	5.91
H325		5.71	82	2		4.95
F190	ELECTRICALLY GROUND AIRCRAFT	5.69	74	75	69	1.78

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (High = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 12

TASKS RATED HIGHEST IN TASK DIFFICULTY (TD) FOR 452X1 A/B/C PERSONNEL (GREATER THAN 1 STANDARD DEVIATION ABOVE THE AVERAGE)

TASKS		TASK DIFF*	TOTAL 1ST ENL (N=387)	TOTAL 45251 (N=637)	45271 (N=197)	TNG EMPH**
A14	DRAFT BUDGET REQUIREMENTS	7.55	,	-	ď	2.4
C83	WRITE STAFF STUDIES, SURVEYS, OR SPECIAL REPORTS, OTHER		1	1	7	47.
,		7.37	0	-	12	.35
093	COURSE (CDC	7.25	5	2	2	99.
H312	PHYSICAL ALIGNMENTS OF HUD	7.25	11	17	17	3.05
H313	ALIGNMENTS OF IMU	7.25	11	17	16	3.03
H314	PERFORM BORESIGHT PHYSICAL ALIGNMENTS OF LCG MOUNTS	7.22	10	15	14	2.97
A 9	DEVELOP COST-REDUCTION PROGRAMS	7.11	, -1	က	11	.50
C82	WRITE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR AWARDS AND DECORATIONS	7.11	2	27	63	2.11
A15	ESTABLISH ORGANIZATIONAL POLICIES	7.08	7	ო	16	. 23
C29	EVALUATE BUDGET REQUIREMENTS	6.92	∞	12	6	3 11
I365	PERFORM BORESIGHT PHYSICAL ALIGNMENTS OF DG MOUNTS	6.92		ļ —	, LC	13.
G276	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN TRIAXIAL CABLES AND		•	1)	?
1	CONNECTORS	6.90	47	56	41	5.48
090	EVALUATE CAUSES OF MISSION OPERATIONAL DISCREPANCIES	6.88	9	10	23	
094	DEVELOP NEW EQUIPMENT TRAINING PROGRAMS	6.84	-	4	5	9
C77	INVESTIGATE ACCIDENTS OR INCIDENTS	6.84	-	2	14	5.0
C61	EVALUATE EQUIPMENT MODIFICATION DATA	97.9	4	9	17	84
A13		6.75	7	œ	32	83
960	INING MATER	6.73	1	4	9	34
H307	BORESIGHT ALIGNMENT CHECKS OF HUD	69.9	15	23	20	3.18
H308	PERFURM BURESIGH! ALIGNMEN! CHECKS OF IMU MOUNTS	69.9	14	21	18	3.24

* Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00 ** Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (High = 4.91)

DISTRIBUTION OF 452X1A/B/C FIRST-ENLISTMENT PERSONNEL ACROSS SPECIALTY JOB GROUPS

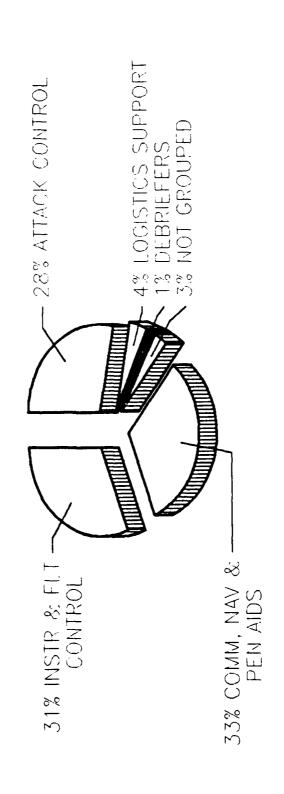


FIGURE 3

TABLE 13A

REPRESENTATIVE TASKS PERFORMED BY AFSC 452X1A FIRST-ENLISTMENT PERSONNEL (1-48 MONTHS TAFMS)

TASKS		PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING (N=125)
G287	REMOVE OR INSTALL WAVEGUIDES	89
H301	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS	
	(INS)	89
H338		89
	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL POWER	88
	INSPECT WAVEGUIDES	88
	PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS	88
H299	ISOLATE MALEUNCTIONS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS	88
H329	REMOVE OR INSTALL HUD SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU)	88
F186	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL COOLING AIR UNITS	87
H322	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF RDR SYSTEMS	87
H332	REMOVE OR INSTALL LCGs	87
H297	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN CENTRAL COMPUTER (CC) SYSTEMS PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF HUD SYSTEMS	86
H318	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF HUD SYSTEMS	86
H324	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF INSS	86
H331	REMOVE OR INSTALL INS LRUS	86
H296	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO NAVIGATION CONTROL INDICATOR	
	(NCI) PANELS	85
H317	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BUILT-IN TEST (BIT)	
	OF CC SYSTEMS	85
H326	REMOVE OR INSTALL CC SYSTEMS	85
F188	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR	
	HYDRAULIC POWER	84
	INSPECT MULTIPIN CONNECTORS	84
G270	INSPECT TRIAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS	84
H298	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FIRE CONTROL RADAR (RDR)	
	SYSTEMS	84
G267	INSPECT COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS	82
	PERFORM SAFETY WIRING	82
H315	PERFORM CHECKOUT OF NCI PANELS	82
E130	INITIATE AFTO FORMS 350 (REPARABLE ITEM PROCESSING TAG)	78
E141	INVENTORY TOOLS, SUCH AS CONSOLIDATED TOOL KITS (CTK)	62
E138	INITIATE, ANNOTATE, OR REVIEW AIRCRAFT FLIGHT OR	
	MAINTENANCE RECORDS, SUCH AS AFTO FORMS 781 SERIES	60
E139	INSPECT TOOLS OR EQUIPMENT	59

The 130 B-shred first-enlistment personnel perform an average of 102 tasks. Table 13B displays representative tasks performed by the B-shred first-enlistment specialists. As expected, most of these tasks relate to maintaining instrument and flight control systems. The 131 C-shred first-enlistment personnel perform an average of 86 tasks. Table 13C presents a list of representative tasks performed by these C-shred first-enlistment personnel. Again, as expected, most of these tasks pertain to maintaining communications, navigation, and penetration aids systems.

The highly technical nature of the jobs performed by junior airmen is revealed by the fact that less than 5 percent of their job time involves supervisory or managerial functions, such as those in duties A, B, C, or D (see Table 14). These airmen spend the largest portion of their time performing the technical duties associated with their respective shred designation.

Further indication of the technical orientation of these airmen is the variety and number of equipment and test equipment worked on or utilized by first-enlistment personnel. While many pieces of equipment are also worked on by substantial percentages of other experience level groups, some items are principally maintained by members having the higher experience levels. These include aircraft jacks, aircraft radios, air compressors, and maintenance stands. Tables 15A, 15B, and 15C list equipment items worked on by 30 percent or more of the A-, B-, and C-shred first-enlistment and 45251A-; 45251B-; 45251C, or 7-skill level personnel. Similarly, test equipment used or operated by these airmen is listed in Tables 16A, 16B, and 16C. Examples of test equipment utilized by 452X1 personnel include analog multimeters, digital multimeters, HT-900 heat guns, and TTU-205 C/E. A full computer listing of all equipment items and the associated percent members performing is supplied in the Training Extracts and should be used by training specialists to determine which types of equipment should be emphasized for first-term training.

Review of Specialty Training Standard

A comprehensive review of STS 452X1, F-15 Avionic Systems Specialist and Technician specialty, dated May 1987 (with Change 1, May 1988, and Change 2, March 1989), is made by comparing STS elements to survey data. STS elements with performance elements are reviewed in terms of training emphasis, task difficulty, and percent members performing information as stipulated in ATCR 52-22, dated 17 February 1989. STS elements containing general career ladder knowledge and information are not reviewed. Typically, tasks performed by 20 percent or more of personnel in appropriate experience or skill level groups, such as first-enlistment (1-48 months TAFMS), and 5- and 7-skill level groups, should be considered for inclusion in the STS. Likewise, tasks with less than 20 percent performing in any of these groups should be considered for deletion from the STS.

Overall, survey data support the STS. All matched performance items in the STS are supported by survey data. Specifically, all of the 44 matched elements have tasks performed by greater than 20 percent of the appropriate first-enlistment, 5-, or 7-skill level respondents.

TABLE 13B

REPRESENTATIVE TASKS PERFORMED BY AFSC 452X1B FIRST-ENLISTMENT PERSONNEL (1-48 MONTHS TAFMS)

<u>TASKS</u>		PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING (N=130)
1344	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIR INLET CONTROL SYSTEMS	
	(AICS)	92
I386		92
1345		91
I346		31
	SYSTEMS (AFCS)	91
I351		91
1370	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AHRSs	91
	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN PITOT STATIC, HEATER, AND	31
	INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS	90
I366	PERFORM LEAK CHECKS OF PITOT STATIC SYSTEMS	90
1372	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF FUEL QUANTITY	
	INDICATING SYSTEMS	90
	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF HSI SYSTEMS	90
	REMOVE OR INSTALL AFCS LRUS	90
1393		90
F186		
F187		89
1352		20
	INDICATING (HSI) SYSTEMS	89
I371		89
1375		89
1381	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT OF PITOT STATIC, HEATER, AND INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS	89
I387		89
G277		88
F188	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR	00
	HYDRAULIC POWER	87
G291	TRACE WIRING, SYSTEM, AND INTERFACE DIAGRAMS	85
I353	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HYDRAULIC PRESSURE INDICATING	
	SYSTEMS	89
I371	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AICSs	89
I381		
	INSTRUMENT SYSTEMS	89
I341		88
	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF ADC SYSTEMS	88
1384		88
1392	•••	88

TABLE 13C

REPRESENTATIVE TASKS PERFORMED BY AFSC 452X1C FIRST-ENLISTMENT PERSONNEL (1-48 MONTHS TAFMS)

<u>TASKS</u>		PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING (N=131)
.1424	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AAI SYSTEMS	96
J412	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN IDENTIFICATION FRIEND OR FOE	
	(IFF) SYSTEMS	95
J426	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF IFF SYSTEMS	95
J436	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF IFF SYSTEMS REMOVE OR INSTALL AAI SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU) REMOVE OR INSTALL IFF SYSTEM LRUS	95
J439	REMOVE OR INSTALL IFF SYSTEM LRUS	95
J405	CODE MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT	94
J410	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIR-TO-AIR IFF INTERROGATOR	0.4
	(AAI) SYSTEMS	94
F186		93
	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF TACAN SYSTEMS	93
J432		
	AND AUDIO SIGNAL SYSTEMS	93
J449	REMOVE OR INSTALL UHF COMMUNICATION AND AUDIO SIGNAL	93 92 92
5107	SYSTEM LRUS	93
F187	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT EXTERNAL POWER	92
J420		92 92
1407	COMMUNICATION AND AUDIO SIGNAL SYSTEMS	92
J427	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT REMOVE OR INSTALL MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL TACAN SYSTEM LRUS	92
1441	DEMOVE OD INSTALL MODE 4 COVETO COLLEMENT IDLIC	92
J441	DEMOVE OR INSTALL TACAN SYSTEM LDUG	92
1443	REMOVE OR INSTALL FACAN STOTEM LAUS	91
1417	TSOLATE MALEUNCTIONS MITHIN TACTICAL AID NAVICATION	91
J415	REMOVE OR INSTALL MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT LRUS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN TACTICAL AIR NAVIGATION (TACAN) SYSTEMS WALK WINGS OR TAILS DURING AIRCRAFT TOWING OPERATIONS	91
E261	HALK WINCE OF TAILS GUIDING AIDCRAFT TOWING OPERATIONS	91
C263	ANALYTE AUTONICS STATUS DANEL (ASD) LATCH DATA	88
G277	DEDECIDE ATTOMICS STATES FAMILE (ASF) EXTENDATA	86
1//0	WALK WINGS OR TAILS DURING AIRCRAFT TOWING OPERATIONS ANALYZE AVIONICS STATUS PANEL (ASP) LATCH DATA PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS RWR LRUS PERFORM SAFETY WIRING PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF TEWS RWRS	86
C278	DEDENDM CAFETY WIDING	84
1/1/1	DEDENDM ODERATIONAL CHECKNIT AND RIT OF TEWS RWRs	83
1400	ISOLATE MALEUNCTIONS TO TACTICAL ELECTRONIC WARFARE	82
1409	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO TACTICAL ELECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEM (TEWS) RADAR WARNING RECEIVERS (RWR)	82
J406	CODE SECURE VOICE CRYPTO EQUIPMENT	79
J430		77
J419	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN TEWS INTERNAL COUNTERMEASURES	, ,
0713	SYSTEMS (ICMS)	76
J447	REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS ICMS LRUS	76 76
E130		70 71
F232	•	71
1 LJL	LOSTITUM OF PEROAF STROKE FOR CHOCKS OF SHIFT LINS	· •

TABLE 14

PERCENT T'ME SPENT ON DUTIES
BY AFSC 452X1 A/B/C FIRST-ENLISTMENT PERSONNEL
(1-48 MONTHS TAFMS)

		PERC	PERCENT TIME SPENT	ENT
		452X1A	452X1B	452X1C
00	DUTIES	1ST ENL (N=125)	1ST ENL (N=130)	1ST ENL (N=131)
∢	ORGANIZING AND PLANNING	0	-	-
മ	DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING	J ←	-، ۲	٦.
ပ	EVALUATING AND INSPECTING	٠.	٦.	→ ←
0	TRAINING	-	- ·-	- 1
ш	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS	1, 1	1 [⊣ C
щ	PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS	17	10	י ח
G		24	10	13
I	MAINTAINING ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS	37	† ^	707
⊢		<u>, </u>	7 [٦ ،
7	OMMUNICATIONS,	•	70	7
	AIDS SYSTEMS		-	49

NOTE: Columns may not add to 100 percent due to rounding

TABLE 15A

EQUIPMENT USED OR OPERATED
BY GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT OF AFSC 452X1A PERSONNEL

	PERCENT	MEMBERS PE	RFORMING
EQUIPMENT	452X1A 1ST ENL (N=125)	DAFSC 45251A (N=257)	DAFSC 45271 (N=197)
Aircraft Canopy System	46	53	39
Aircraft Interphone	47	63	53
Aircraft Jack	15	36	25
Aircraft Radio	14	35	42
Aircraft Seat Adjustment System	46	55	38
External Cooling Air Unit	85	82	59
External Electrical Power Unit	87	82	57
Hydraulic Servicing Cart	41	44	35
Hydraulic Test Stand	62	70	52
Maintenance Crane	79	78	39
Maintenance Stand	78	77	55
Nitrogen Servicing Cart	40	50	33
Portable Hydraulic Test Stand	78	78	44
Portable Lighting Equipment	74	71	45

TABLE 15B

EQUIPMENT USED OR OPERATED
BY GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT OF AFSC 452X1B PERSONNEL

	PERCENT	MEMBERS PER	RFORMING_
	452X1B 1ST ENL	DAFSC 45251B	DAFSC 45271
EQUIPMENT	(N=130)	(N=193)	(N=197)
Air Compressor	18	40	25
Aircraft Canopy System	63	63	39
Aircraft Interphone	68	69	53
Aircraft Jack	36	43	25
Aircraft Radio	14	35	42
Aircraft Seat Adjustment System	59	60	38
External Cooling Air Unit	91	84	59
External Electrical Power Unit	91	85	57
Ground Hearer and Blower	33	40	27
Hydraulic Servicing Cart	60	62	35
Hydraulic Test Stand	91	85	52
Maintenance Crane	20	33	39
Maintenance Stand	77	78	55
Portable Hydraulic Test Stand	45	51	44
Portable Lighting Equipment	71	68	45

TABLE 15C

EQUIPMENT USED OR OPERATED
BY GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT OF AFSC 452X1C PERSONNEL

	PERCENT	MEMBERS PER	FORMING_
	452X1C 1ST ENL	DAFSC 45251C	DAFSC 45271
EQUIPMENT	(N=131)	(N=187)	(N=197)
Air Compressor	22	32	25
Aircraft Canopy System	58	55	39
Aircraft Interphone	81	75	53
Aircraft Radio	95	84	42
Aircraft Seat Adjustment System	44	47	38
Bomb Lift	23	37	17
External Cooling Air Unit	95	85	59
External Electrical Power Unit	95	86	57
Maintenance Stand	86	75	55
Portable Hydraulic Test Stand	40	52	44
Portable Lighting Equipment	74	72	45

TABLE 16A

TEST EQUIPMENT WORKED ON
BY GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT OF AFSC 452X1A PERSONNEL

	PERCENT	MEMBERS PI	ERFORMING
TEST EQUIPMENT	452X1A 1ST ENL (N=125)	DAFSC 45251A (N=257)	DAFSC 45271 (N=197)
Automatic Flight Control Systems	3	30	31
Boresight	50	48	21
Box, WOW/Proximity	71	72	46
Generator, High PRF Target	43	50	17
Generator, Radar Target	39	35	11
Heat Gun, HT-900	53	58	42
Memory Loader Verifier (MLV)	77	31	43
Multimeter, Analog	69	71	51
Multimeter, Digital	86	84	55
Reflectometer (TDR)	24	35	31
Tester, AZ/EL Diodé	22	30	15
Tester, Radio Frequency (RF)	52	46	23
Tester, Waveguide Pressure	75	74	39
TTU-205 C/E	36	50	44

TABLE 16B

TEST EQUIPMENT WORKED ON
BY GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT OF AFSC 452X1B PERSONNEL

	PERCENT	MEMBERS P	ERFORMING
TECT FOULDWENT	52X1B 1ST ENL	DAFSC 45251B	DAFSC 45271
TEST EQUIPMENT	(N=130)	<u>(N=193)</u>	<u>(N=197)</u>
Angle-of-Attack Probe Torque Tester	54	61	16
Automatic Flight Control Systems	92	83	31
Box, Breakout	48	65	18
Box, WOW/Proximity	88	84	46
Calibrator, Compass	66	73	25
Calibrator, Standby Compass	62	60	18
CAS Shutdown Inhibit Cable Assembly	37	33	12
Heat Gun, HT-900	65	69	42
Hydrometer	79	80	24
Inflight Monitor	71	75	22
Linear Gauge (Pogo Stick)	52	60	17
Multimeter, Analog	86	78	51
Multimeter, Digital	94	86	55
Ramp Test Plug	63	70	14
Test Set, Fuel Quantity Gauging	80	80	23
Tester, Fuel Quantity	70	66	20
Torque Strap Adapter	35	39	19
TTU-205 C/E	90	82	44

TABLE 16C

TEST EQUIPMENT WORKED ON
BY GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT OF AFSC 452X1C PERSONNEL

	PERCENT	MEMBERS PER	FORMING
	452X1C 1ST ENL	DAFSC 45251C	DAFSC 45271
TEST EQUIPMENT	(N=131)	(N=187)	<u>(N=197)</u>
Box, WOW/Proximity	69	72	46
Heat Gun, HT-900	47	56	42
Improved Radar Simulator (AN/APM-427)	43	60	22
Memory Loader Verifier (MLV)	70	71	43
Multimeter, Analog	78	77	51
Multimeter, Digital	92	86	55
Reflectometer (TDR)	31	40	31
Test Set, Air-to-Air IFF Interrogator	92	81	32
Tester Set, IFF Transponder (AN/ASM-424)	96	88	36
Test Set, Instrument Landing System	85	85	34
Tester, Radio Frequency (RF)	44	40	23
Tester, WATTS	73	68	24
Tester, Waveguide Pressure	69	66	39
Thru-Line WATT Meter	53	60	24
TTU-205 C/E	28	33	44

Further analysis of the STS found 150 tasks not referenced to the STS, with 40 pertaining to technical functions. Examples of technically oriented tasks performed by greater than 20 percent of 452X1 A/B/C airmen and not referenced to the STS are listed in Table 17. Some of these tasks related to general avionic systems maintenance functions, such as inspecting electrical relays and removing or installing coaxial cables and connectors. Usually, such tasks not referenced should be covered by some existing element, or a new item could be added to the STS. Training personnel should carefully review the list of "Tasks Not Referenced," located at the end of the STS computer printout in the TRAINING EXTRACT, to determine areas which might be appropriate for inclusion in future revisions of the STS.

Review of Plan of Instruction (POI)

Based on assistance from technical school subject-matter experts in matching job inventory tasks to POI G3AIQR45231A-000, POI G3AIQR45231B-000, and POI G3AIQR45231C-000, dated June 1989, occupational survey data were matched to related training objectives. A similar method to that of the STS analysis was employed to review the Phase I POIs. The specific data examined included percent members performing data for first-enlistment (1-48 months TAFMS) personnel, training emphasis (TE), and task difficulty (TD) ratings.

Guidelines outlined in ATCR 52-22 state that a POI objective is supported for training if 30 percent or more of all first-enlistment personnel perform related tasks. Due to the nature of this specialty, with separate and unique training for each avionic system, a POI objective is also considered supported if 30 percent or more of A-, B-, or C-shred first-enlistment personnel perform a related task. Analysis of the survey data indicates that the three POIs are supported.

<u>POI G3AIQR45231A</u>: This Phase I POI had 21 objectives matched to task items, and all were supported. In other words, all matched knowledge and performance level objectives had 30 percent or more of AFSC 45231A first-enlistment personnel performing related tasks. These objectives cover 79.75 of 211.5 classroom course hours.

Seventy-nine tasks performed by 30 percent or more A-shred first-enlistment personnel were not matched with POI objectives. Tasks relating to attack control systems and general avionic systems maintenance account for the majority of unreferenced tasks. In addition to high levels of performance, several of these tasks are rated high in terms of TE and TD. Examples of these tasks with survey data are listed in Table 18A.

<u>POI G3AIQR45231B</u>: This B-shred POI had 34 objectives matched to task items, and all were supported. All matched knowledge and performance level objectives had 30 percent or more of AFSC 45231B first-enlistment personnel performing related tasks. These objectives cover 81.75 of 206.5 classroom course hours.

TABLE 17

TASKS PERFORMED BY 20 PERCENT OR MORE AFSC 452X1 A/B/C GROUP MEMBERS AND NOT REFERENCED TO THE STS

			PERCENT M	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING	RFORMING	
		452X1A/B/C 1ST ENL	DAFSC 45251A/B/C	452X1A 1ST ENL	452X1B 1ST ENL	452X1C 1ST ENL
TASKS		(N=387)	(N=637)	, —II	~	
6268	INSPECT ELECTRICAL RELAYS	48	57	35	99	41
	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ELECTRICAL RELAYS	20	59		65	44
	RECORD ASP LATCH DATA	43	48	41	42	48
	REMOVE OR INSTALL COAXIAL CABLES	57	64	78	15	77
	REMOVE OR INSTALL COAXIAL CONNECTORS	28	65	82	16	9/
	REMOVE OR INSTALL ELECTRICAL RELAYS	52	64	42	89	47
G 283	REMOVE OR INSTALL MULTIPIN COAXIAL OR TRIAXIAL					
	CONNECTORS	51	28	77	22	55
G284	REMOVE OR INSTALL MULTIPIN CONNECTORS (CANNON				ļ)
		9/	9/	82	73	73
G285	REMOVE OR INSTALL TRIAXIAL CABLES	41	52	9/	11	38
G286	REMOVE OR INSTALL TRIAXIAL CONNECTORS	43	53	78	œ	44
H300	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INDICATOR GROUP (IG)				ı	
		29	44	74	15	2
H319	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF IG					
		56	44	70	œ	2
H330	REMOVE OR INSTALL IG SYSTEM LRUS	25	45	70	7	0
1340	APPLY FLIGHT INSTRUMENT RANGE MARKINGS	22	27	0	99	1
1364	PERFORM BORESIGHT ALIGNMENT CHECKS OF					I
		∞	12	-1	24	0
1365	PERFORM BORESIGHT PHYSICAL ALIGNMENTS OF DG	Ċ	(•	•	•
	CONT. MORE A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT AND THE CONTRACT OF THE	× ဗ	12	٠.	22	0
J405	CODE MODE 4 CKYPIO EQUIPMENI	36	39	4	∞	94

TABLE 18A

EXAMPLES OF TECHNICAL TASKS WITH GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO FOI G3AIQR45231A-000

		452X1A 1-48		
TASKS		MONTHS TAFMS (N=125)	TNG	TASK DIFF**
6271	INSPECT WAVEGUIDES	&	5.48	5.02
H299	MALFUNCTIONS WITHI	88	5.82	5,35
H329	REMOVE OR INSTALL HUD SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU)	88	5.03	4.17
H297	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN CENTRAL COMPUTER (CC) SYSTEMS	86	5.87	5.60
H318	M OPERATIONAL CHECKO	98	5.55	4.53
H331	REMOVE OR INSTALL INS LRUS	98	5.27	4.02
H304	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN OVERLOAD WARNING SYSTEMS (OWS)	85	5.76	5.96
H317	IONAL CHECKOUT AND BUILT-IN TEST (BIT)	!	,	i
	OF CC SYSTEMS	82	5.48	4.54
F188	CONNECT OR DISCONNECT AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR			
	HYDRAULIC POWER	84	6.16	4.18
H332	REMOVE OR INSTALL LCGs	84	5.00	3.99
H302	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN LEAD COMPUTING GYROS (LCG)	83	5.53	4.93
G 263	AVIONICS STATUS PA	82	5.18	3.55
H315	PERFORM CHECKOUT OF NCI PANELS	82	5.19	4.74
6273	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN COAXIAL CABLES AND CONNECTORS	80	6.02	6.85
G272	ш	79	6.60	6.94
6275	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN MULTIPIN CONNECTORS	79	6.21	6.50
G 565	¥	78	5.92	5.05
H300	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INDICATOR GROUP (IG) SYSTEMS	74	5.81	5.30
\sim	REMOVE OR INSTALL IG SYSTEM LRUS	70	5.06	4.15
F223	PERFORM PREUSE INSPECTION OF HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR			
	HYDRAULIC POWER	63	5.05	4.18

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

Ninety-four tasks performed by 30 percent or more B-shred first-enlistment personnel were not matched with POI objectives. Tasks relating to instrument and flight control systems and general avionic systems maintenance account for the majority of unreferenced tasks. In addition to high levels of performance, several of these tasks are rated high in terms of TE and TD. Examples of these tasks with survey data are listed in Table 18B.

<u>POI G3AIQR45231C</u>: This Phase I C-shred POI had 25 objectives matched to task items. As with the other two POIs, all areas were supported. All matched knowledge and performance level objectives had 30 percent or more of AFSC 45231C first-enlistment personnel performing related tasks. These objectives cover 76.25 of 200.5 classroom course hours.

Eighty tasks performed by 30 percent or more C-shred first-enlistment personnel were not matched with POI objectives. Tasks relating to communication, navigation, and penetration aids systems and general avionic systems maintenance account for the majority of unreferenced tasks. In addition to high levels of performance, several of these tasks are also rated high in terms of TE and TD. Examples of these tasks with survey data are listed in Table 18C.

<u>Summary</u>: Overall, each POI is well supported. Although there are several tasks with high percentages of A-, B-, and C-shred first-enlistment personnel performing which are not matched to any POI objectives, many of these tasks are recognized as difficult to teach at the technical school due to the lack of appropriate equipment and time constraints. However, training personnel are encouraged to review the computer printouts of the POIs with particular emphasis placed on reviewing the tasks not referenced located in the Training Extracts to determine if new areas should be added to the basic course.

Review of Phase II Training Documents

As requested by career field managers, the CTSs and POIs for the Phase II AFSC-awarding courses, J4ABF45231A-002, F-15 Avionic Systems Specialist (Attack Control); J4ABF45231B-002, F-15 Avionic Systems Specialist (Instrument and Flight Controls); and J4ABF45231C-002, F-15 Avionic Systems Specialist (Comm, Nav and Penn Aids), dated June 1989, were also examined. These courses provide training for Air Force personnel in the skills and knowledge needed to perform as an Apprentice F-15 Avionic System Specialist.

The CTS is designed to expand on STS objectives, as well as provide detailed training on advanced equipment. The scope of instruction in the J4ABF45231A course includes: operational checks of the Inertial Navigation System, Central Computer, Head Up Display System, Lead Computing Gyro, Radar System, Indicator group, Overload Warning System, Multipurpose Color Display, and Video Tape Recording System. The spectrum of training in the J4ABF45231B course includes: operational checks of the Built-In-Test, Hydraulic Pressure Indicating, Fuel Quantity Indicating, Air Data Computer, Horizontal Situation Indicating, Attitude Heading Reference, Air Inlet Control, and Flight Control,

TABLE 18B

EXAMPLES OF TECHNICAL TASKS WITH GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO POI G3AIQR45231B-000

		452X1B 1-48		
TASKS		MONTHS TAFMS (N=130)	TNG EMP*	TASK DIFF**
370	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AHRSS	97	5.15	4.42
I344	z	36	5.60	6.21
350	MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL FLOW	06	4.94	5.33
352	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HORIZONTAL SITUATION	Ç		
	IING (HSI) SYSTEMS	68	5.18	5.42
1371	OPERATIONAL CHECKC	88	5.27	4.59
277	PERFORM AIRCRAFT SAFE FOR MAINTENANCE CHECKS	88	97.9	4.24
343	N.	88	5.47	5.96
369	OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF ADC SYSTEMS	88	5.18	4.47
F188	CRAF			
	HYDRAULIC POWER	87	6.16	4.18
1347	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN BUILT-IN TEST (BIT) CONTROL			1
	PANEL SYSTEMS	83	5.24	5.21
G272	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIRCRAFT WIRING	81	6.60	6.94
263	ANALYZE AVIONICS STATUS PANEL (ASP) LATCH DATA	78	5.18	3.55
265	AIRCRAFT WIRING	9/	5.92	5.05
F223	PERFORM PREUSE INSPECTION OF HYDRAULIC TEST STANDS OR			
	HYDRAULIC POWER	71	5.05	4.14
269	INSPECT MULTIPIN CONNECTORS	65	5.89	4.76
G274	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ELECTRICAL RELAYS	65	6.52	5.23
9929		64	5.39	5.04
G275	MALFUNCTIONS WITH	63	6.21	6.50
H292	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO CONTROL STICK GRIPS	55	5.27	5.64

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 18C

EXAMPLES OF TECHNICAL TASKS WITH GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO POI G3AIQR45231C-000

		452X1C		
TASKS		MONTHS TAFMS (N=131).	TNG EMP*	TASK DIFF**
J424 J412	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF AAI SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN IDENTIFICATION FRIEND OR FOE	96	5.39	4.70
	YSTEMS	95	5.63	•
3426	OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT	95	4.41	•
J432	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF UHF COMMUNICATION	93	5.47	4.62
J413	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEMS (ILS)	95	5.19	
3425	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF ADF SYSTEMS	06	5.02	
G263	ANALYZE AVIONICS STATUS PANEL (ASP) LATCH DATA	88	5.18	
0411	ш			
	(ADF) SYSTEMS	88	5.13	5.32
J414	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INTERFERENCE BLANKER SYSTEMS			
		88	5.23	5.21
G267	T COAXIAL CABLES AND	98	5.69	5.07
3431	PERFORM OPERATIONAL CHECKOUT AND BIT OF TEWS RWRS	83	5.15	4.65
6272	E MALFUNCTIONS WITHI	80	6.60	6.94
6529	-	79	5.89	4.76
6273	w	79	6.02	6.85
6271		76	5.48	5.02
J419	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN TEWS INTERNAL COUNTERMEASURES			
	SYSTEMS (ICMS)	76		•
6265	INSPECT AIRCRAFT WIRING	75	5.92	5.05
3417	2		•	•
	G SYSTEMS (EWWS)	73	5.26	5.87
9929	INSPECT CHAFING PROBLEM AREAS	99	•	5.04

^{*} Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

and Flight Controls systems. The range of instruction in the J4ABF45231C course includes: operational checks of the Communication System, Navigational System, and Tactical Electronic Warfare System (TEWS). Also included in all three courses are powered and non-powered aircraft support equipment, component removal and installation, troubleshooting aircraft wiring, safety corrosion identification/control, technical publications, foreign object damage prevention, and fraud, waste, and abuse information.

Based on assistance from specialists at the 532d FTD, Holloman AFB, the CTSs and POIs were matched to survey task statements. A similar method to that of the STS and Phase I POIs analysis was employed in the review of the Phase II CTSs and POIs. The specific data examined include TE, TD, and percent of the appropriate first-enlistment members performing.

Review of J4ABF45231A/B/C-002 Course Training Standards (CTS)

Analysis of the survey data indicates that the three CTSs are well supported. The 45231A and 45231B CTSs had 15 matched elements which were all supported by greater than 20 percent of the appropriate personnel performing the matched tasks. Likewise, the 28 matched elements of the 45231C CTS were also supported.

However, each CTS does not reference several tasks that are performed by 20 percent or more of the first-enlistment personnel. The 45231A CTS was not matched to 76 technically oriented tasks. Table 19A provides examples of these tasks. As shown, the majority of these tasks involve attack control systems maintenance. More than 75 tasks were also not matched to the 45231B CTS. As expected, these tasks are centered around instrument and flight control systems maintenance. Examples of the tasks not referenced to the B-shred CTS are displayed in Table 19B. The 45231C CTS had the most tasks not matched, with 96 technical tasks performed by greater than 20 percent of the C-shred first-enlistment personnel. Examples of these comm, nav, and pen aids systems maintenance-related tasks are shown in Table 19C. Several of these nonreferenced tasks are also rated high in terms of TD. A complete detailed listing is located in the Training Extracts. This list of tasks not referenced should be carefully screened for inclusion or expansion into the CTS.

Review of J4ABF45231A/B/C-002 Plans of Instruction (POI)

The three Phase II POIs were reviewed based on the same criteria used to evaluate the Phase I POIs. A POI objective is considered supported if 30 percent or more of A-, B-, or C-shred first-enlistment personnel perform a related task. An analysis of the survey data indicates that the three Phase II POIs are well supported. POI 45231A had 14 performance level objectives matched to task items which were supported. These objectives covered 99 of 110 course hours. POI 45231B had 15 performance level objectives matched to task items, and all were supported. These objectives covered 81 of 88 course hours. Finally, of the 28 performance level objectives matched with task items in POI 43231C, all were supported. These objectives covered 102 of 112 course hours.

TABLE 19A

EXAMPLES OF TASKS WITH 20 PERCENT OR MORE AFSC 452X1A GROUP MEMBERS MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO THE CTS

		452X1A 1-48		
TASKS		MONTHS TAFMS (N=125)	TNG	TASK DIFF**
H301	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS			
	(INS)	88	•	
H299	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HUD SYSTEMS	88	5.82	5,35
H329	INSTALL HUD SYST	88	•	•
H331	REMOVE OR INSTALL INS LRUS	86	•	4.02
H296	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO NAVIGATION CONTROL INDICATOR			
		85	5.40	•
H304	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN OVERLOAD WARNING SYSTEMS (OWS)	82	•	•
H326	Σ	85	•	
H298	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FIRE CONTROL RADAR (RDR) SYSTEMS	84		
H332		84	•	•
H3C 2	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN LEAD COMPUTING GYROS (LCG)	83	•	
6263	IONICS STATUS PA	82	•	•
628.	ഠ	82		
G284	INSTALL MULTIPIN CONNECTORS (CANNON PLUG)	82		
H336	L DIGITAL READOUT DISP	82	•	
6276	WITHI	81	5.48	6.90
6291	WIRING, SYST	79		•
H337	INSTALL OWS LRUS	79	•	
H334	INSTALL	78	•	•
6283	OR INSTALL MULTIPIN	77		•
H295	SOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO RIG	7.7	•	•
6285	REMOVE OR INSTALL TRIAXIAL CABLES	9/	4.73	

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 19B

EXAMPLES OF TASKS WITH 20 PERCENT OR MORE AFSC 452X1B GROUP MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO THE CTS

		452X1B 1-48	Ç	i i
TASKS		MONIHS TAFMS (N=130)	E NG	DIFF**
1344	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIR INLET CONTROL SYSTEMS			
	(AICS)	92	5.60	6.21
1345	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ATTITUDE HEADING REFERENCE			
		91	5.45	5.66
1346		91	5.76	6.88
1001		5		•
		91	5.40	7.
1350 1357	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL FLOW INDICATING SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN PITOT STATIC. HEATER. AND	06	4.94	5.33
		90	5.03	5.90
1385	REMOVE OR INSTALL AFCS LRUS	90	4.77	4.63
1393	REMOVE OR INSTALL HSI SYSTEM LRUS	06	4.69	3.92
1352	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HORIZONTAL SITUATION))	1
		68	5.18	•
1353	MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HYDRAULIC PRESSURE INDICAT	89	5.00	5.21
1381	α.	89	5.15	•
1387		89	4.98	•
1341	ALIBRATE FUEL QUA	88	5.29	•
384	INSTALL ADC SYSTEM LR	88	4.81	•
I392 I398	REMOVE OR INSTALL FUEL QUANTITY INDICATING SYSTEM LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL PITOT STATIC, HEATER, AND INSTRUMENT	88	4.53	•
		88	4.66	4.82
6291	INTERFACE	82	6.98	6.15
F261	LS DURING	80	3.69	2.11
6284	EMOVE OR INSTALL MULTIPIN CONNECTO	73	6.00	6.03
6282	REMOVE OR INSTALL ELECTRICAL RELAYS	89	4.56	4.04

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 19C

EXAMPLES OF TASKS WITH 20 PERCENT OR MORE AFSC 452X1C GROUP MEMBERS MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO THE CTS

150LATE MALEUNCTIONS WITHIN IDENTIFICATION FRIEND OR FOE (IFF) SYSTEMS TING (IFF) SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU) 95	TASK DIFF**	5.61 4.05 4.01 3.70	4.28 5.30 3.85 4.12 5.51 3.55	
ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN IDENTIFICATION FRIEND OR FOE (IFF) SYSTEMS REMOVE OR INSTALL AAI SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU) REMOVE OR INSTALL IFE SYSTEM LINE CODE MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT SYSTEM LRUS SYSTEM LRUS SYSTEM LRUS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEMS (ILS) ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN UL'RA HIGH FREQUENCY (UHF) ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN UL'RA HIGH FREQUENCY AMALYZE AVIONICS STATUS PANEL (ASP) LATCH DATA ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDER (ADF) SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDER (ADF) SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDER (ADF) SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INTERFERENCE BLANKER SYSTEMS (IBS) REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS RWR LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS RWR LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS WARRING RECEIVERS (RWR) CODE SCURE VOICE CRYPTO EQUIPMENT REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS EWWS LRUS	TNG			
ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN IDENTIFICATION FRIEND OR FOE (IFF) SYSTEMS REMOVE OR INSTALL AAI SYSTEM LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS (LRU) REMOVE OR INSTALL IFF SYSTEM LINE REMOVE OR INSTALL HE SYSTEM LINE REMOVE OR INSTALL UHF COMMUNICATION AND AUDIO SIGNAL SYSTEM LRUS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ULTRA HIGH FREQUENCY (UHF) COMMUNICATION AND AUDIO SIGNAL SYSTEMS REMOVE OR INSTALL MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT WALK WINGS OR TAILS DURING AIRCRAFT TOWING OPERATIONS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO MODE 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT WALK WINGS OR TAILS DURING AIRCRAFT TOWING OPERATIONS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDER (ADF) SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INTERFERENCE BLANKER SYSTEMS REMOVE OR INSTALL LES RUS REMOVE OR INSTALL ADF SYSTEM LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL ADF SYSTEM LRUS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS YO TACTICAL ELECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEM (TEWS) RADAR WARNING RECEIVERS (RWR) CODE SECURE VOICE CRYPTO EQUIPMENT REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS EWWS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL LEWS EWWS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS EWWS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL LEWS EWWS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS EWWS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL LEWS EWENCE BLANKERS REMOVE OR INSTALL LEWS EWENCE BLANK	452X1C 1-48 MONTHS TAFMS (N=131)	95 95 95	93 92 92 92 88	88 88 88 84 77 79 79
	TASKS	LFUNCTIONS WITHIN IDENTITEMS INSTALL AAI SYSTEM LINE INSTALL IFF SYSTEM LRUS 4 CRYPTO EQUIPMENT INSTALL UHF COMMUNICATIO	UMENT LANDING SYSTEMS HIGH FREQUENCY (UHF) YSTEMS QUIPMENT LRUS US YPTO EQUIPMENT FT TOWING OPERATIONS P) LATCH DATA	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDER (ADF) SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INTERFERENCE BLANKER SYSTEMS REMOVE OR INSTALL ILS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS RWR LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL BS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL ADF SYSTEM LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL ADF SYSTEM LRUS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO TACTICAL ELECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEM (TEWS) RADAR WARNING RECEIVERS (RWR) CODE SECURE VOICE CRYPTO EQUIPMENT REMOVE OR INSTALL TEWS EWWS LRUS REMOVE OR INSTALL CARLES

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

Similar to the CTSs, the POIs have several tasks with greater than 30 percent members performing not matched to any POI objective. Specifically, the A-shred POI has 70 such tasks, the B-shred POI has 81 tasks, and the C-shred POI has 63 unmatched tasks. Examples of these tasks are found in Tables 20A, 20B, and 20C. As expected, tasks not matched to the 45231A POI are centered around attack control maintenance. The tasks not referenced to the 45231B POI concentrate on instrument and flight control duties. High performance tasks not matched to 45231C POI involve comm, nav, and pen aids systems maintenance. Again, training personnel should review the computer printout of the POIs.

Electronic Principles (EP)

The Electronic Principles Inventory (EPI) (AFPT 90-EPI-825) contains 712 electronic principles, skills, and equipment questions covering 39 electronic principle subject areas. Between April 1988 and September 1988, the EPI was administered to fully-qualified 5-skill level 452X1 A/B/C personnel who responded "Yes" or "No" to the 712 EPI items, indicating the electronic principles, skills, and equipment they use in their present job. Additionally, subject-matter experts matched the 712 EPI items to STS 1, Electronic Fundamentals/Applications, dated February 1987. The 452X1 A/B/C criterion groups' responses were added to the EPI document, and the final product analyzed.

Based on the resulting data, AFSC 452X1 A/B/C personnel were found covering a wide range of electronic principles in performing their jobs. Table 21 lists those electronic areas where 30 percent or more 45251A, 45251B, or 45251C airmen responded "yes" to performing in their job. These data can be extremely useful to subject-matter experts when evaluating those portions of the STS and POI concerning electronic fundamentals or principles.

JOB SATISFACTION ANALYSIS

Comparisons of group perceptions of their jobs provide career ladder managers with a means toward understanding some of the factors affecting job performance of today's airmen. These perceptions are gathered from incumpants' responses to five job satisfaction questions covering job interest, perceived utilization of training, sense of accomplishment, and reenlistment intentions. The responses of the current property sample are then analyzed by making several comparisons: (1) among factors of accomparative sample of personnel from other Mission Equipment preparations are specialists surveyed in 1988 (AFSCs 302X0, 303X3, 304X0, 304X1, 1985). 306X0, 306X3, 321X0, 328X0, 328X1, 411X0B, 411X0C, 427X1, 431X1, 431X2, 431X3, 431X4, and 464X0), (2) between current and previous survey TAFMS groups, and (3) across specialty job groups identified in the SPECIALTY JOBS section of this report.

TABLE 20A

EXAMPLES OF TECHNICAL TASKS WITH GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO POI JAABF45231A

TASKS		452X1A 1-48 MONTHS TAFMS (N=125)	TNG	TASK DIFF**
H301	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEMS (INS)	89) y	5 22
H299	NIHII/	, & &	 	ን . ማ
H329	Σ	8 88	5.03	4.17
H297	~	98	5.87	5.60
H331 H296	KEMOVE OR INSTALL INS LRUS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS TO NAVIGATION CONTROL INDICATOR	98	5.27	4.02
		85	5.40	5 29
H304		85	5.76	5.95
H326 H298	REMOVE OR INSTALL CC SYSTEMS	82	5.15	3.82
-	N 7 1 7 K	Š		;
H332	REMOVE OR INCTALL LOS	\$ °	•	٠
1302	141117	84	•	•
2050	Ц	83	•	•
0203	AVIONICS STATUS PANE	82	•	•
1979	INSTALL	82		•
6284	CONNECTORS (CANNON PLUG)	82	6.00	6.03
H335	REMOVE UR INSTALL NCI PANEL DIGITAL READOUT DISPLAY (DRD)	82	4.85	4.20
ì	141414	01	E 40	
6291	TRACE WIRING SYSTEM AND INTEDEASE DIACDAMS	101	0.40 0.00	•
H237	A	6/	98.98	
H334	OR INSTALL UNS LEUS	79	90.5	
4000	INSIALL KIGHI-HAND IHKUII	78	5.19	
4203 H295	CHOVE ON INSTALL MULIFIN COAXIAL UN IKIAXI	77	5.11	6.50
7000	FINE TARETALL TOTAL OF KIGH	7.7	5.52	•
6075	EMOVE OR INSTALL TRIANIAL	9/	4.73	

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 20B

EXAMPLES OF TECHNICAL TASKS WITH GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO POI J4ABF45231B

		452X1B		
TASKS		MONTHS TAFMS (N=130)	TNG	TASK DIFF**
1344 1345	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN AIR INLET CONTROL SYSTEMS (AICS) ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN ATTITUDE HEADING REFERENCE	92	5.60	6.21
		91	5.45	5 66
1346	MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN	91	5.76	88.9
1351	MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN	91	5.40	6.25
1350	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN FUEL FLOW INDICATING SYSTEMS ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN PITCT STATIC, HEATER AND	06	4.94	5.33
	MENT SYSTEMS	06	5 03	7.
1385		06	4.77	4.0
1393	Σ	06	4.69	3.92
1352	ISOLATE MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HORIZONTAL SITUATION] }
		68		5.42
1353	MALFUNCTIONS WITHIN HYDRAULIC	68	•	5.21
I 38 I	PERATIONAL CHECKOU	68		5.22
I387	INSTALL AICS LRUS	68		4.85
1341	VTE FUEL QUA	88	5.29	5.28
1384	INSTALL ADC SYSTEM	88	•	4.52
1392	INSTALL FUEL Q	88	4.53	4.06
1398	STALL PITOT STAT			
,		88	4.66	4.82
6291	IERFACE	85	6.98	6.15
F261	S OK AL	80	3.69	2.11
6284	EMOVE OR INSTALL MULITPIN CO	73	00.9	6.03
7875	REMOVE OK INSTALL ELECTRICAL RELAYS	89	4.56	4.04

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SD of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 20C

EXAMPLES OF TECHNICAL TASKS WITH GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING AND NOT REFERENCED TO POI J4ABF45231C

TASKS		452X1C 1-48 MONTHS TAFMS (N=130)	TNG EMP*	TASK DIFF**
J412 J436 J439 J405 J405 J413 J414 J414 J440 J440 J440 J440 J440 J440	TE MALFUNCTIO) SYSTEMS SYSTEMS E OR INSTALL E	99999 88888888888888888888888888888888	0080 01 277701 170780 E	0007 38 781313 83099 00
3446 3446 6280	CKIPIU EUR TEWS EWWS COAXIAL CA	79 77	4 4 .53 6.56 8.56	4.24 4.43 5.50

* Average Training Emphasis = 2.92 with SO of 1.99 (high = 4.91) ** Average Task Difficulty = 5.00 with SD of 1.00

TABLE 21

ELECTRONIC PRINCIPLES USED BY 30 PERCENT OR MORE OF AFSC 45251A, 45251B, OR 45251C PERSONNEL

Principle	45251A	45251B	45251C	Principle	45251A	45251B	45251C
Basic Terms	×	×	×	Receivers	×		×
Basic Circuits	×	×	×	Transmission Lines	×		×
Relays/Solenoids	×	×	×	Wayequides	×		×
Solder/Desolder	×	×	×	Transmitters	×		×
Assemble Solderless Connector	×	×	×	Transmission Power	×		×
Multimeter, Analog	×	×	×	Antennas	×		: ×
Multimeter, Digital	×	×	×	Reflectometer	×		×
Digital Logic Functions	×	×	×	Wave Generating Circuits	: ×		×
Computers	×	×	×	Digital Numbering System	×		×
Integrated Circuits	×	×	×	Synchro/Servos	×	×	:
Power Supply Circuits	×	×	×	Bipolar Junction Transistors	×	: ×	
Solid State Diodes	×	×	×	Capacitors		: ×	
D/A, A/D Converters	×			Transformers		: ×	
Microwave Oscillators & Amplifier	×			DC Motors		×	
Cathode Ray Tubes	×			AC Motors		· ×	
Microphones			×	Transducers		×	

X = Greater than 30 percent

First-enlistment (1-48 months TAFMS), second-enlistment (49-96 months TAFMS), and career (97+ months TAFMS) group data are listed in Table 22 and are compared to corresponding enlistment groups from other Mission Equipment Maintenance AFSCs surveyed during the previous calendar year. These data give a relative measure of how the job satisfaction of AFSC 452X1 personnel compares with that of other similar Air Force specialties. Generally, enlistment groups of the DAFSC 452X1 sample indicate similar or slightly higher levels of job satisfaction than do those of the comparative sample. This is demonstrated particularly in the areas of utilization of training by second enlistment personnel. However, all F-15 Avionic Systems respondent groups indicated lower intentions of reenlisting.

An indication of changes in job satisfaction perceptions within the career ladder is provided in Tables 23A, 23B, and 23C where TAFMS group data for 1990 AFSC 452X1A, 452X1B, and 452X1C survey respondents are presented, along with data from respondents to the last occupational survey report of the career ladder. As discussed earlier in the INTRODUCTION, three separate OSRs were published which included F-15 Avionic Systems personnel prior to their AFSC conversion. These OSRs and their date of completion are shown below:

March 1982 - 326X6 A/B/C (Attack Control Systems)
March 1982 - 326X7 A/B/C (Instrument and Flight Control Systems)
June 1982 - 326X8 A/B/C (Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aid: Systems)

The B-shred in these OSRs (AFSC 326X6B, 326X7B, and 326X8B) identifies the F-15 personnel used for this comparison.

Generally, perceptions of job satisfaction have improved since the 1982 AFSC 452X1A first-enlistment and career personnel from the 1990 sample exceed utilization of talent figures from the 1982 sample by 22 and 17 percent, respectively. First-enlistment member reenlistment intentions have also increased from 31 percent to 54 percent indicating positive intentions to The 1990 AFSC 452X1B second-enlistment personnel showed greatest improvement in perceptions associated with job interests and utilization of First-enlistment and career airmen also indicated a 18 and 15 percent increase in probability of reenlisting. Similar to the A- and Bshred satisfaction indicators, AFSC 452X1C first- and second-enlistment members from the 1990 sample exceeds utilization of talents figures from the 1982 sample by over 15 percent. First-enlistment members also indicated a vast improvement of job interest with an increase from 50 percent of the 1982 sample indicating their job as "interesting" to 81 percent of the current sample, an improvement of 31 percent. Overall, analysis of job satisfaction indicators suggests incumbents of the 452X1 A/B/C career ladder appear satisfied with their job.

TABLE 22

COMPARISON OF JOB SATISFACTION DATA BY 452X1 A/B/C AND COMPARATIVE SAMPLE GROUPS* (PERCENT MEMBERS RESPONDING)

	1-48	1-48 MOS TAFMS	49-96	49-96 MOS TAFMS	97+ N	97+ MOS TAFMS
	452X1 (N=387)	1988 COMP SAMPLE (N=6,152)	452X1 (N=249)	1988 COMP SAMPLE (N=4,464)	452X1 (N=402)	1988 COMP SAMPLE (N=6,451)
EXPRESSED JOB INTEREST:						
INTERESTING SO-SO DULL	78 14 10	73 17 10	71 18 10	71 16 12	72 19 9	73 16 10
PERCEIVED USE OF TALENTS:						
FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	78 21	77 21	80	78 22	80 20	80 20
PERCEIVED USE OF TRAINING						
FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	83 17	82 18	81 19	74 26	75 25	73 26
SENSE OF ACCOMPLISHMENT FROM WORK:						
SATISFIED NEUTRAL DISSATISFIED	74 12 13	72 12 16	69 14 17	66 12 21	66 10 24	67 11 22

^{*} Comparative Sample is composed of all Mission Equipment Maintenance career ladders surveyed in 1988 (includes AFSCs 302XO, 304XO, 304X1, 304X5, 306XO, 306X3, 321XO, 328XO, 328X1, 411X0B, 411X0C, 427X1, 431X1, 431X2, 431X3, 431X4, and 464XO)

NOTE: Columns may not add to 100 percent due to nonresponse and rounding

TABLE 22 (CONTINUED)

COMPARISON OF JOB SATISFACTION DATA BY 452X1 A/B/C AND COMPARATIVE SAMPLE GROUPS* (PERCENT MEMBERS RESPONDING)

97+ MOS TAFMS	1988 452X1 COMP SAMPLE (N=402) (N=6,451)		71 74 16 11 13 14
49-96 MOS TAFMS	1988 COMP SAMPLE (N=4,464)		69 30 -
49-96	452X1 (N=249)		54 45 1
1-48 MOS TAFMS	1988 COMP SAMPLE (N=6,152)		59 40 -
1-48	452X1 (N=387)		47 52 -
		REENLISTMENT INTENTIONS	YES, OR PROBABLY YES NO, OR PROBABLY NO PLAN TO RETIRE

^{*} Comparative Sample is composed of all Mission Equipment Maintenance career ladders surveyed in 1988 (includes AFSCs 302XO, 304XO, 304XI, 304X5, 306XO, 306X3, 321XO, 328XO, 328XI, 411XOB, 411XOC, 427XI, 431XI, 431XZ, 431X3, 431X4, and 464XO)

NOTE: Columns may not add to 100 percent due to nonresponse and rounding

⁻ Denotes less than .5 percent

TABLE 23A

COMPARISON OF 452X1A JOB SATISFACTION INDICATORS FOR CURRENT AND PREVIOUS SURVEY (PERCENT MEMBERS RESPONDING)

	1-48 MOS TAFMS 1990 1982 452X1A 326X6 (N=125) (N=77	1982 326x6B (N=77)	1990 452X1A (N=78)	49-96 MOS TAFMS 1990 1982 52XIA 326X6X N=78) (N=94)	97+ MOS TAFMS 1990 198 452X1A 326X (N=105) (N=1	TAFMS 1982 326X6X (N=153)
EXPRESSED JOB INTEREST:						
INTERESTING SO-SO DULL	72 15 13	61 21 17	76 19 5	63 19 17	71 17 11	63 20 17
PERCEIVED USE OF TALENTS:						
FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	78 22	56 43	77 23	56 44	86 14	30
PERCEIVED USE OF TRAINING						
FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	81 19	70 29	83 17	71 28	61 38	73 26
REENLISTMENT INTENTIONS						
YES, OR PROBABLY YES NO, OR PROBABLY NO PLAN TO RETIRE	54 45 1	31 69 0	55 42 1	43 56 1	72 27 1	69 18 13

NOTE: Columns may not add to 100 percent due to nonresponse and rounding

TABLE 23B

COMPARISON OF 452X1B JOB SATISFACTION INDICATORS FOR CURRENT AND PREVIOUS SURVEY (PERCENT MEMBERS RESPONDING)

	1-48 M	1-48 MOS TAFMS	49-96 MOS TAFMS	S TAFMS	97+ MOS TAFMS	TAFMS
	1990 452X1B (N=130)	1982 326X7B (N=62)	1990 452X1B (N=71)	1982 326X7X (N=102)	1990 452X1B (N=67)	1982 326X7X (N=123)
EXPRESSED JOB INTEREST:						
INTERESTING SO-SO DULL	79 12 7	73 16 11	82 7 11	69 14 17	70 19 10	72 12 15
PERCEIVED USE OF TALENTS:						
FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	83 17	74 26	83 17	72 28	77 22	80 20
PERCEIVED USE OF TRAINING						
FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	84 16	76 23	82 18	80 19	72 27	73 26
REENLISTMENT INTENTIONS						
YES, OR PROBABLY YES NO, OR PROBABLY NO PLAN TO RETIRE	44 55 0	26 73 0	54 45 1	55 -	78 19 3	63 16 19

- Denotes less than .5 percent

NOTE: Columns may not add to 100 percent due to nonresponse and rounding

TABLE 23C

COMPARISON OF 452X1C JOB SATISFACTION INDICATORS FOR CURRENT AND PREVIOUS SURVEY (PERCENT MEMBERS RESPONDING)

	1-48 MO	1-48 MOS TAFMS	49-96 MOS TAFMS	S TAFMS	97+ MOS TAFMS	TAFMS
	1990	1982	1990	1982	1990	1982
	452X1C	326X8B	452X1C	326X8X	452X1C	326X8X
EXPRESSED JOB INTEREST:	(N=131)	(/ = N)	(S=N)	(N=98)	(N=20)	(N=139)
INTERESTING	81	50	56	55	66	68
SO-SO	14	34	27	18	26	17
DULL	5	16	16	27	8	15
PERCEIVED USE OF TALENTS:						
FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY	75	61	78	60	68	63
LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	25	39	22	40	32	
PERCEIVED USE OF TRAINING					-	
FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY	75	64	75	64	82	63
LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	16	36	25	35	18	
REENLISTMENT INTENTIONS						
YES, OR PROBABLY YES	53	40	51	50	84	61
NO, OR PROBABLY NO	47	60	49	48	14	19
PLAN TO RETIRE	0	0	0	0	2	19

Columns may not add to 100 percent due to nonresponse and rounding

Table 24 presents job satisfaction data for the major jobs (clusters and independent job types) identified in the career ladder structure for AFSC An examination of this data can reveal the influences performing certain jobs may have on overall job satisfaction. Job satisfaction indicators for the specialty job groups suggest members across the career ladder are generally content. Twelve of the thirteen jobs responded with high levels of Over 69 percent of each of the career ladder jobs rated their However, over 50 percent of the Logistics Support job as "interesting." cluster described their jobs as "so-so" or "dull." Similarly, over 80 percent of each of the major career ladder jobs also indicated a high perceived use of Again, over 60 percent of the members in the Logistics Support cluster perceived little utilization of training. As a whole, members in the Logistics Support cluster reflect relatively lower levels of satisfaction when compared to the other jobs. Members of this job expressed less utilization of their talents and training, as well as neutral to dissatisfied feelings toward accomplishments achieved from their work. On the other hand, the members in the other major specialty jobs display high levels of overall satisfaction, with greater than 50 percent responding positively across all indicators.

ANALYSIS OF MAJOR COMMANDS (MAJCOM)

Occupational survey data can be used in examining differences in duty and task performance data across major commands. Highlighting these differences may identify any specific needs MAJCOMS may have due to distinguishing performance functions. The seven users of AFSC 452X1 A/B/C personnel (AAC, USAFE, AFLC, AFSC, ATC, PACAF, and T.C.) were examined and, with the exception of AFLC and ATC, no distinguishable differences were noted. The overall job descriptions of all but the two exceptions are comparable.

The two exceptions noted during the MAPCOM analysis are Air Force Logistics Command and Air Training Command. Four of the five members in AFLC perform in the Aircraft Battle Damage Repair IJT discussed in the SPECIALTY JOBS section of this report. These individuals perform the unique job of repairing simulated battle damages on aircraft. These airmen spend nearly 70 percent of their job time performing general aircraft handling tasks and general avionic systems maintenance. This is compared to less than 30 percent by the other major commands. Also, the AFLC members perform an average of 56 tasks, which is significantly less than the average 125 tasks performed by the other MAJCOMs. Air Training Command, the other noted exception, also performs significantly fewer tasks than the other major commands. The 51 members in ATC perform an average of 55 tasks and spend over 37 percent of their job time performing training functions. These dissimilarities identified in the MAJCOM analysis were expected. The members in the remaining major commands perform the entire spectrum of tasks and outlies and, therefore, show no significant differences.

TABLE 24

JOB SATISFACTION DATA BY CAREER LADDER JOBS (PERCENT MEMBERS RESPONDING)

LOGISTICS SUPPORT CLUSTER (STG044)		41 16 43		43 57		35 65		46 11 43		57 30 14
AVIONIC SUPERVISORS CLUSTER (STG049)		69 16 15		76 24		83 27		58 11 31		55 20 25
AVIONIC TRAINING CLUSTER (STG024)		85 13 3		87 13		95		77 3 21		77 21 3
MULTI- SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG116)		75 19 5		85 15		82 17		70 12 19		73 22 5
COMM, NAV & PEN AIDS SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG071)		69 21 10		75 25		82 18		68 13 19		55 43 1
INSTR & FLT CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG098)		80 13 7		84 16		84 15		80 10 10		52 47 -
ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG112)		77 17 6		53 17		85 15		71 17 13		55 43 1
	EXPRESSED JOB INTEREST:	INTERESTING SO-SO DULL	PERCEIVED USE OF TALENTS:	FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	PERCEIVED USE OF TRAINING:	FAIRLY WELL TO PERFECTLY LITTLE OR NOT AT ALL	SENSE OF ACCOMPLISHMENT FROM WORK:	SATISFIED NEUTRAL DISSATISFIED	REENLISTMENT INTENTIONS:	YES, OR PROBABLY YES NO, OR PROBABLY NO PLAN TO RETIRE

NOTE: Columns may not add to 100 percent due to nonresponse and rounding

TABLE 24 (CONTINUED)

JOB SATISFACTION DATA BY CAREER LADDER JOBS (PERCENT MEMBERS RESPONDING)

QUALI ASSUR IJT INTERESTING SO-SO DULL
75 25
88 13
75 0 25
38 25

NOTE: Columns may not add to 100 percent due to nonresponse and rounding

ANALYSIS OF CONUS VERSUS OVERSEAS GROUPS

Comparisons were made between the tasks performed and the background data for DAFSC 45251 personnel assigned to the continental United States (CONUS, N=423) versus those assigned overseas (N=214). An examination of the tasks and duties performed by the two groups indicates only minor differences in equipment maintained and number of tasks performed. Overseas personnel utilize a greater variety of test equipment than their CONUS counterparts. Test equipment used by significantly more overseas specialists than CONUS specialists includes improved radar simulator (AN/APM-427), linear gauge (Pogo air-to-air IFF interrogator (AAI) test set, IFF transponder (AN/ASM-424) test set, and instrument landing system (ILS) test set. Another notable difference is the models of the F-15 aircraft maintained. Personnel assigned to CONUS are maintaining avionic systems on all models of the F-15, while overseas personnel are maintaining avionic systems primarily on the F-15 "C" and "D" models.

A review of the average number of tasks performed by these two groups indicates that overseas personnel tend to perform slightly more tasks (127 tasks) than their CONUS counterparts (117 tasks). Data also indicate that a higher percent of overseas F-15 avionic systems specialists are maintaining communications, navigation, and penetration aids systems. Comparison of general background data reveals no differences in characteristics between the two groups. Job satisfaction indicators are also highly similar.

SPECIAL ISSUES

During the survey process, information can be gathered to address items of concern to career ladder training managers. AFSC 452X1 career field managers were particularly interested in special experience identifiers (SEIs).

There are three SEIs which can be awarded to airmen in the 452X1 career ladder. An airmen may have SEI 681, Attack Control Systems (ACS); SEI 682, Instrument and Flight Control Systems (IFCS); or SEI 683, Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems (CNPAS). Inventory respondents were asked what SEIs they currently hold and what SEIs they are currently in training for, but have not yet received. To be awarded one of these SEIs, a member must complete the FTD course, 5-level CDC, minimum JQS for ACS, or IFCS, or CNPAS, and be recommended by his/her supervisor. Table 25 displays the responses by skill-level groups. Overall, more 7-skill level personnel hold SEIs, with the largest percentage holding SEI 681, Attack Control Systems.

TABLE 25

SPECIAL EXPERIENCE IDENTIFIERS (SEIs)
AMONG 452X1A/B/C PERSONNEL

			DUTY AFSC		
SEI	SEI AWARDED	45231/51A 	45231/518 (N=267)	45231/51C (N=266)	45271 (N=197)
681 682 683	Attack Control Systems Instrument and Flight Control Systems	69% 13%	12% 63%	% % % %	52% 33%
S		11%	10%	64%	37%
			DUTY AFSC		
SEI	SEI TRAINING	45231/51A (N=309)	45231/51B (N≈267)	45231/51C (N=266)	45271 (N=197)
681 682	Attack Control Instrument and	17% 30%	28 % 19%	28 % 29 %	23 % 30 %
663	communication, navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems	36%	40%	28%	29%

WRITE-IN COMMENTS

Occupational survey booklets include blank pages on which career ladder members may write in additional tasks or make comments about any subjects. Review of job inventory write-in comments from survey sample respondents indicates a general concern in two specific areas: Rivet Workforce and the increased responsibilities of the job, and misutilization of new 3-skill levels. Following are a few sample comments expressing these concerns:

"Overall Rivet Workforce is a good concept if we had more time to learn it. But we're overworked. Jets are staying down longer because we aren't as familiar with the system as a true shopper."

". . . is not really proficient in all three systems. It's hard enough to keep up with the new technology of his own system."

"I feel Rivet Workforce is going too far. It is very hard to keep proficient on other shop systems when you are trying to keep up on your own system that you work on."

"Sure I know the basics, but if there is indepth problem (isolate), . . . you have to send the plane back."

"Not only are we going into Rivet Workforce and expected to become proficient in all areas, we are also expected to become Dedicated Crew Chiefs. This is spreading an individual to the outer limits and accidents and problems are resulting."

". . . recommend that soon as trainees are out of school, don't assign them to additional duties until they get experience. They're loosing everything from school (i.e. don't put them on the washrack, corrosion control. . .)"

". . . and as soon as I arrived in the unit, I was assigned to extra duty. I have not been able to work on the flightline."

Several additional write-in tasks were to this nature:

"Buff floors, take out garbage"
"Daily janitorial services"

"Janitorial tasks and initiate paperwork"

IMPLICATIONS

The primary purpose of this Occupational Survey Report is to assist verification of utilization and training of the restructured F-15 Avionic Systems program. The survey data will also assist in future consolidation efforts of the field training detachment (FTD) courses with the current fundamental courses located at Lowry AFB.

Analysis of the 452X1 career ladder structure identified six clusters and seven independent job types. Three of the clusters were shred specific and centered around one of the three avionic system. Personnel maintaining either the attack control systems, instrument and flight control systems, or the communication, navigation, and penetration aids systems were clearly performing separate and unique tasks associated with the respective system. cluster, however, contained personnel representing "A." "B." and "C" shreds and performed tasks associated with all three avionic systems. This single job of 155 airmen indicates that AFSC 452X1 members are capable of meeting Rivet Workforce goals of minimizing an aircraft systems maintenance dependence on several shred specific system specialists. The other jobs identified are involved with nontechnical support functions, such as training and logistics support. The results of the career ladder structure analysis were compared to the previous studies conducted in 1982. Despite major reorganization under Rivet Workforce in 1987, the fundamental jobs have not changed. Nine of the thirteen jobs identified in this survey were also recognized in the previous Recapitulating, although the F-15 Avionic Systems specialists have not yet become fully tri-system sufficient, Rivet Workforce has slightly impacted the 452X1 career ladder.

The AFR 39-1 specialty descriptions for the F-15 Avionic Systems specialty were analyzed to determine the adequacy of coverage for career ladder duties. Overall, skill-level groups provided accurate and comprehensive coverage of each specialty job.

Initial analysis of the STS, examining experience (TAFMS), and DAFSC groups, reveals the document was supported by the percent of personnel performing matched tasks. However, several tasks with relatively high percent members performing were not covered. Likewise, the Phase I POIs and and Phase II CTSs and POIs reflected several unreferenced tasks with high percentages of appropriate personnel performing. Training personnel should look at all areas of the STS, POIs, and CTSs for possible revision to include additional elements to cover high performance tasks currently not referenced.

The examination of responses to job satisfaction questions revealed that satisfaction is somewhat improved since the 1982 surveys. The 452X1 career ladder also reflects similar or slightly higher levels of satisfaction when compared to other mission maintenance specialists. Indicators across career ladder specialty jobs exhibited displeasure among members performing Logistics Support functions. This generally lower level of satisfaction among this job should alert Air Force managers and supervisors to be aware of this dissatisfying job and attempt to implement measures to improve it.

The findings of this OSR come directly from survey data collected from F-15 Avionic Systems specialists worldwide. These data are readily available to training and utilization personnel, functional managers, and any other interested parties having a need for such information. Much of the data are compiled into extracts which are an excellent tool in the decision-making process. These data extracts should be used whenever a training or utilization decision is made.

APPENDIX A

SELECTED REPRESENTATIVE TASKS PERFORMED BY CAREER LADDER SPECIALTY JOB GROUPS

TABLE I

ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG 112)

VARIATIONS: B/C Systems Technicians (STG 317) Shift Supervisors (STG 349, 346) Radar (OT&E) Technicians (GRP 45)

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 230 % ASSIGNED CONUS: 71%

% OF TOTAL SAMPLE: 22% MAJCOM: 70% TAC (11% PACAF, 10% USAFE)

FUNCTIONAL AREA: Flightline

AVERAGE TAFMS: 67 months AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 107

AVERAGE TICF: 50 months AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 1

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-4 (E-3/E-5)

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: Boresight

Generator, High PRF Target Generator, Radar Target

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: Maintenance Crane

Nitrogen Servicing Equipment

TOP DUTIES

38% H MAINTAINING ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS

25% G PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS

17% F PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS

8% E PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS

		PERCENT MEMBERS
TYPIC	AL TASKS	PERFORMING
H301	Isolate malfunctions within inertial navigation systems (INS)	100
H299	Isolate malfunctions within HUD systems	99
H338	Remove or install RDR system LRUs	99
G287	Remove or install waveguides	98
H297	Isolate malfunctions within central computer (CC) systems	98
H318	Perform operational checkout and BIT of HUD systems	98
H324	Perform operational checkout of INSs	98
F186	Connect or disconnect aircraft external cooling air units	97
F187	Connect or disconnect aircraft external power	97
G271	Inspect waveguides	97
H298	Isolate malfunctions within fire control radar (RDR) Systems	97
H317	Perform operational checkout and built-in test (BIT)	
	of CC systems	97

TABLE I (CONTINUED)

ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG 112)

TYPI	CAL TASKS	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
H322	Perform operational checkout and BIT of RDR systems	97
H329		97
G270		96
H296	Isolate malfunctions to navigation control indicator	
	(NCI) panels	96
H326		96
H302		95
H304		95
F188		
	hydraulic power	94
H320	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	94
H315		93
H325		93
H332		93
H336		0.2
G276	units	93
H337		92 92
G278		92 91
G285		90
H306	Isolate system malfunctions using NCI and CC data word	90
11300	recall	90
E130	Initiate AFTO Forms 350 (Reparable Item Processing Tag)	82
B49	Supervise Apprentice Avionic Attack Control Systems	02
5,5	Specialists (AFSC 45231A)	46
A1	Assign maintenance and repair work	40
A8	Determine work priorities	39
H310	Perform boresight alignment checks of radar antenna mounts	39
H312	Perform boresight physical alignments of HUD mounts	38
H313	Perform boresight physical alignments of IMU mounts	36
B50	Supervise Avionic Attack Control Systems Specialists	
	(AFSC 45251A)	33
H314	Perform boresight physical alignments of LCG mounts	32
J424	Perform operational checkout and BIT of AAI systems	25
1393	Remove or install HSI system LRUs	23
1373	Perform operational checkout and BIT of HSI systems	21
J436	Remove or install AAI system line replaceable units (LRU)	21

TABLE II

INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM CLUSTER (STG 98)

VARIATIONS: A/C Systems Technicians (STG 305) Shift Supervisors (STG 128, 110)

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 206

% ASSIGNED CONUS: 66%

% OF TOTAL SAMPLE: 20%

MAJCOM: 64% TAC (14% USAFE, 13% PACAF)

FUNCTIONAL AREA: Flightline

AVERAGE TAFMS: 58 MONTHS

AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 127

AVERAGE TICF: 46 MONTHS

AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 1

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-4 (E-2/E-5)

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED:

Angle-of-Attack Probe Torque Tester

Automatic Flight Control Systems (AFSCS)

Box, Breakout

Calibrator, Compass

Calibrator, Standby Compass

Control Augment SYS (CAS) Shutdown

Inhibit Cable Assembly

Hydrometer

Inflight Monitor

Linear Gauge (Pogo Stick)

Ramp Test Plug

Test Set, Flight Logic (AFSCS)

Test Set, Fuel Quantity Gauging

Tester, Fuel Quantity
Torque Strap Adapter

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: Air Compressor

TOP DUTIES

52%	Т	MAINTAINING	THISTOLIMENT	AND ELTCUT	CONTROL	CVCTEMC
5/%	- 1	MAINIAINING	INSTRUMENT	AND FLIGHT	CUNIKUL	2121EN2

17% F PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS

14% G PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS

7% E PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS

TYPICAL TASKS	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
<pre>I344 Isolate malfunctions within air inlet control systems (AICS)</pre>	100
I345 Isolate malfunctions within attitude heading reference	
systems (AHRS)	100
I370 Perform operational checkout and BIT of AHRSs	100
I346 Isolate malfunctions within automatic flight control	
systems (AFCS)	99
I350 Isolate malfunctions within fuel flow indicating systems	99
I351 Isolate malfunctions within fuel quantity indicating	
systems	99

TABLE II (CONTINUED)

Instrument and Flight Control System Cluster (STG 98)

TYPI	CAL TASKS	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
1357	Isolate malfunctions within pitot static, heater, and	
	instrument systems	99
I372		
	indicating systems	99
F186		98
F187	y	98
1353		
	systems	98
I371	Perform operational checkout and BIT of AICSs	98
I398		
	system LRUs	98
I341	Calibrate fuel quantity indicating systems	97
I359		97
I362	Maintain pitot static, heater, and instrument systems	97
I387	Remove or install AICS LRUs	97
I400	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	97
F188	Connect or disconnect aircraft hydraulic test stands or	
	hydraulic power	96
G277		96
I374	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	96
1358	Isolate malfunctions within signal data recording (SDR)	0.4
10.55	systems	94
I363	Maintain SDR systems	92
G272	J	91
G291	Trace wiring, system, and interface diagrams	91
F261	Walk wings or tails during aircraft towing operations	88
F232 E130	Position or remove aircraft chocks or safety pins	78 74
H292	Initiate AFTO Forms 350 (Reparable Item Processing Tag)	59
H327	Isolate malfunctions to control stick grips Remove or install control stick grips	58
B51	Supervise Apprentice Avionic Instrument and Flight	30
D31	Control Systems Specialists (AFSC 45231B)	42
A1	Assign maintenance and repair work	33
B52	Supervise Avionic Instrument and Flight Control Systems	33
UJ2	Specialists (AFSC 45251B)	32
8 A	Determine work priorities	31
1364	Perform boresight alignment checks of displacement gyro	31
150 1	(DG) mounts	30
C81	Write APRs	29
1365	Perform boresight physical alignments of DG mounts	28
H331	Remove or install INS LRUs	23
H326	Remove or install CC systems	21
H338	Remove or install RDR system LRUs	20
J405	Code Mode 4 crypto equipment	15
J428		15

TABLE III

Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems Cluster (STG 71)

VARIATIONS: A Systems Technicians (STG 448) B Systems Technicians (STG 383) Shift Supervisors (STG 205)

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 219% % OF TOTAL SAMPLE: 21%

ASSIGNED CONUS: 70%

MAJCOM: 65% TAC (15% USAFE, 11% PACAF)

FUNCTIONAL AREA: Flightline

AVERAGE TAFMS: 55 MONTHS AVERAGE TICF: 42 MONTHS

AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 97 # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 2

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-3 (E-2/E-5)

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: Improved Radar Simulator (AN/APM-427)

Test Set, Air-to-Air IFF Interrogator (AAI) Test Set, IFF Transponder (AN/ASM-424) Test Set, Instrument Landing System (ILS)

Tester, WATTS Thru-Line WATT Meter

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: Aircraft Radio

Bomb Lift

47%	J	MAINTAINING COMMUNICATIONS, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION
		AIDS SYSTEMS
20%	G	PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS
14%	F	PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS
8%	Ε	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS

TYPICAL TASKS	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
J424 Perform operational checkout and BIT of AAI systems	100
J426 Perform operational checkout and BIT of IFF systems	100
J412 Isolate malfunctions within identification friend or foe (IFF) systems	99
J410 Isolate malfunctions within air-to-air IFF interrogator (AAI) systems	98
J413 Isolate malfunctions within instrument landing systems (ILS)	97
J415 Isolate malfunctions within tactical air navigation (TACAN) systems	97
J420 Isolate malfunctions within ultra high frequency (UHF) communication and audio signal systems	97

TABLE III (CONTINUED)

Communication, Navigation, and Penetration Aids Systems Cluster (STG 71)

<u> </u>	CAL TASKS	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
J432	Donform appretional absolute and DIT of UME as surjection	
J432	Perform operational checkout and BIT of UHF communication	97
1420	and audio signal systems	
J439	Remove or install IFF system LRUs	97
F186		96
F187	· ·	95 05
J405		95 05
J407		95
J414		or
1407	(IBS)	95
J427	Perform operational checkout and BIT of Mode 4 crypto equipment	95
G277		94
J411		34
0411	(ADF) systems	94
J428	Perform operational checkout and BIT of TACAN systems	94
G291	Trace wiring, system, and interface diagrams	93
G263	Analyze avionics status panel (ASP) latch data	93 84
F190	Electrically ground aircraft	74
F232	Position or remove aircraft chocks or safety pins	71
E123	Complete AF Forms 2005 (Issue/aur. in Request)	59
H295	Isolate malfunctions to right-hand throttle grips	51
B53	Supervise Apprentice Avionic Communication, Navigation,	31
D 33	and Penetration Aids Systems Specialists (AFSC 45231C)	43
H334	Remove or install right-hand throttle grips	42
A1	Assign maintenance and repair work	34
A8	Determine work priorities	31
B54	Supervise Avionic Communication, Navigation, and	31
551	Penetration Aids Systems Specialists (AFSC 4.251C)	27
I373	Perform operational checkout and BIT of HSI systems	26
I388	Remove or install BIT control panel system LRUs	25
I394	Remove or install hydraulic pressure indicating system	2.
I347	Isolate malfunctions within built-in test (BIT) control	•
_ •	panel systems	22
H338	Remove or install RDR system LRUs	17

TABLE IV

MULTISYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG 116)

VARIATIONS: A/B Systems Technicians (STG 266)
A Systems Tech (STG 338, 432)
B Systems Tech (STG 362,363)
C Systems Technicians (STG 290, 286)
Shift Supervisors (STG 196)

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 155 % ASSIGNED CONUS: 55%

% OF TOTAL SAMPLE: 15% MAJCOM: 52% TAC (25% USAFE, 8% PACAF)

FUNCTIONAL AREA: Flightline

AVERAGE TAFMS: 119 MONTHS AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 228
AVERAGE TICF: 90 MONTHS AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 6

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-5 (E-6)

5% B DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: Tester, AZ/EL Diode

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: Oil Servicing Cart

Portable Generator

DERCENT

19%	I	MAINTAINING INSTRUMENT AND FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS
16%	Н	MAINTAINING ATTACK CONTROL SYSTEMS
15%	J	MAINTAINING COMMUNICATIONS, NAVIGATION, AND PENETRATION
		AIDS SYSTEMS
14%	G	PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS
13%	F	PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS
6%	Ε	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS

<u>IYPIC</u>	MEMBERS PERFORMING	
G277	Perform aircraft safe for maintenance checks	99
G291	Trace wiring, system, and interface diagrams	99
H331	Remove or install INS LRUs	98
H338	Remove or install RDR system LRUs	97
H319	Perform operational checkout and BIT of IG systems	96
H322	Perform operational checkout and BIT of RDR systems	96
H330	Remove or install IG system LRUs	96
H332	Remove or install LCGs	96
F188	Connect or disconnect aircraft hydraulic test stands or	
	hydraulic power	95
G273	Isolate malfunctions within coaxial cables and connectors	95
G289	Repair chafed areas	95

TABLE IV (CONTINUED)

MULTISYSTEMS CLUSTER (STG 116)

TYPIC	CAL TASKS	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING
1393		95
G280		94
G281	Remove or install coaxial connectors	94
J432	Perform operational checkout and BIT of UHF communication	
	and audio signal systems	94
J449	Remove or install UHF communication and audio signal	
	system LRUs	94
I384	Remove or install ADC system LRUs	93
I388	Remove or install BIT control panel system LRUs	93
G270	Inspect triaxial cables and connectors	92
I386		92
J436		92
J438	Remove or install IBS LRUs	92
H326	Remove or install CC systems	90
I376	Perform operational checkout of BIT control panel systems	90
J437	Remove or install ADF system LRUs	90
J440	Remove or install ILS LRUs	90
E116	Annotate DD Forms 1387-2 (Special Handling	
5000	Data/Certification)	86
F232		82
B53	Supervise Apprentice Avionic Communication, Navigation,	65
DC 4	and Penetration Aids Systems Specialists (AFSC 45231C)	65
B54	Supervise Avionic Communication, Navigation, and	65
050	Penetration Aids Systems Specialists (AFSC 45251C)	65
B50	Supervise Avionic Attack Control Systems Specialists	CA
0.5.1	(AFSC 45251A)	64
B51	Supervise Apprentice Avionic Instrument and Flight	
DEO	Control Systems Specialists (AFSC 45231B)	59
B52	Supervise Avionic Instrument and Flight Control Systems	F.O.
	Specialists (AFSC 45251B)	59

TABLE V

AVIONICS SYSTEMS TRAINING CLUSTER (STG 24)

VARIATIONS: Field Training Detachment (FTD) Instructors (STG 36) A Systems FTD Instructors (STG 65) B Systems FTD Instructors (STG 41) C Systems FTD Instructors (STG 153) Training NCOS (STG 105) Technical School Instructors (STG 99) # OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 39 % ASSIGNED CONUS: 79% % OF TOTAL SAMPLE: 4% MAJCOM: 85% ATC (10% TAC) FUNCTIONAL AREA: FTD Classroom, Unit Training, Technical School AVERAGE TAFMS: 109 MONTHS AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 40 AVERAGE TICF: 97 MONTHS AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 1 AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-5 (E-4/E-6) UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: Multimeter, Analog Multimeter, Digital TTU-205 C/E UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: Aircraft Canopy System Aircraft Interphone Aircraft Seat Adjustment System External Cooling Air Unit External Electrical Power Unit Hydraulic Test Stand Maintenance Stand TOP DUTIES 48% D TRAINING 11% E PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS 7% B DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING 6% G PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS 6% C EVALUATING AND INSPECTING **PERCENT MEMBERS** PERFORMING TYPICAL TASKS D84 Administer tests 87 D108 Score tests 85

Conduct resident course classroom training

Counsel trainees on training progress

D89

D91

67

67

TABLE V (CONTINUED)

AVIONICS SYSTEMS TRAINING CLUSTER (STG 24)

		PERCENT MEMBERS
TYPIC	CAL TASKS	<u>PERFORMING</u>
D109	Write test questions	67
B31	Counsel personnel on personal or military-related matters	59
D101	Evaluate progress of trainees	59
E160	Maintain Technical Order files	59
G290	Research Technical Orders	56
D85	Annotate training records	49
E136		
	AFTO Forms 22, 27, 32, 110, 110A, 110B, and 131	49
G291	Trace wiring, system, and interface diagrams	49
D99	Evaluate effectiveness of training programs	46
F187		46
F223	Perform preuse inspection of hydraulic test stands or	
	hydraulic power	44
C76	Inspect personnel for compliance with military standards	41
D96	Develop resident course training materials	38
D97	Direct or implement training programs	38
E139	Inspect tools or equipment	33
I375	Perform operational checkout of AFCSs	23
J427	Perform operational checkout and BIT of Mode 4 crypto	
	equipment	23
I366	Perform leak checks of pitot static systems	21
J431	Perform operational checkout and BIT of TEWS RWRs	21
D105	Plan or schedule training, such as OJT and ancillary	
	training	18
H319		13
H325	Perform operational checkout of OWSs	13

TABLE VI

Avionics Systems Supervisors Cluster (STG049)

VARIATIONS: NCOIC Debriefers (STG 67)

Specialist Flight Chiefs (STG 117) Production Supervisors (STG 136)

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 55

% ASSIGNED CONUS: 64%

% OF TOTAL SAMPLE: 5%

MAJCOM: 60% TAC (20% USAFE, 11% PACAF)

FUNCTIONAL AREA: Debriefing, Office, Flightlin

PERCENT

AVERAGE TAFMS: 179 MONTHS

AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 67

AVERAGE TICF: 112 MONTHS

AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 9

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-7 (5-5/E-6)

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

TOP DUTIES

24% B DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING 21% A ORGANIZING AND PLANNING 19% C EVALUATING AND INSPECTING

16% D TRAINING

12% E PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS

TYPIC	AL TASKS	MEMBERS PERFORMING
		0.1
C81	Write APRs	91
A20	Plan or schedule work assignments	89
A16	Establish performance standards for subordinates	87
B31	Counsel personnel on personal or military-related matters	85
C76	Inspect personnel for compliance with military standards	85
C82	Write recommendations for awards and decorations	85
B46	Interpret policies, directives, or procedures for	
	subordinates	84
B30	Conduct supervisory orientations of newly assigned	
	personnel	82
B28	Adjust daily maintenance plans to meet operational	
	commitments	80
A21	Plan or schedule work priorities	78
D101	Evaluate progress of trainees	78
B56	Supervise military personnel with AFSC other than 452X1	76
B41	Implement self-inspection programs	73
A2	Assign personnel to duty positions	69
B55	Supervise Avionic System Technicians (AFSC 45271)	69
C74	Indorse airman performance reports (APR)	67
E138	Initiate, annotate, or review aircraft flight or	
L130	maintenance records, such as AFTO Forms 781 series	62
C72	Evaluate work schedules	59
U/2	Evaluace work Schedules	3,3

TABLE VII

LOGISTICS SUPPORT CLUSTER (GRP 44)

VARIATIONS: Supply Support NCO (STG 90) Tool Crib Assistant (STG 73)

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 37 % ASSIGNED CONUS: 57%

MAJCOM: 51% TAC (22% PACAF, 19% USAFE) FUNCTIONAL AREA: Tool Crib % OF TOTAL SAMPLE: 4%

AVERAGE TAFMS: 98 MONTHS AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 37

AVERAGE TICF: 82 MONTHS AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 3

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-4 (E-3/E-6)

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

TOP DUTIES

75% E PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS

8% A ORGANIZING AND PLANNING

8% B DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING

		PERCENT MEMBERS
TYPIC	CAL TASKS	PERFORMING
E141	Inventory tools, such as consolidated tool kits (CTK)	100
E139	Inspect tools or equipment	97
E142	Issue tools, equipment, or supplies	95
E167	Perform periodic inspection of tools or equipment	92
E163	Maintain tool cribs	89
E168	Perform routine inspection of tools or equipment	89
E140	Inventory equipment or supplies	84
E123	Complete AF Forms 2005 (Issue/Turn in Request)	76
E165	Package tools or equipment for shipment or deployment	70
E119	Annotate or initiate AF Forms 1297 (Temporary Issue	
	Receipt)	65
E169	Perform security checks of tool crib, hangar, or vehicles	57
E173	Process tools or equipment for shipment or deployment	51
E171	Process damaged tools for distribution and replacement	49
B48	Review test equipment calibration schedules	43
B35	Direct maintenance of Technical Order (TO) files	38
A4	Coordinate calibration of special tools or test equipment with Precision Measurement Equipment Laboratory (PMEL)	35
E120	Annotate or initiate AF Forms 1800 (Operator's Inspection	33
L120	Guide and Trouble Report (General Purpose Vehicles))	35
E161	Maintain test equipment calibration/repair reports, such	•
-101	as TMDE or PMEL	35
E181	Review or update PMEL or TMDE listings	30
E158	Maintain special tools or equipment calibration records	27

TABLE VIII

QUALITY ASSURANCE INSPECTORS IJT (STG 79)

VARIATIONS: N/A

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 8

% ASSIGNED CONUS: 88%

% OF TOTAL SAMPLE: 1%

MAJCOM: 88% TAC

FUNCTIONAL AREA: Quality Assurance

AVERAGE TAFMS: 162 MONTHS AVERAGE TICF: 94 MONTHS

AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 65

AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 2

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-5/E-7

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

24%	С	EVALUATING AND INSPECTING
23%	Ε	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS
17%	G	PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS
12%	F	PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS
10%	Α	ORGANIZING AND PLANNING

TYPIC	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING	
C67	Evaluate personnel for compliance with performance	
	standards or Technical Orders	100
C75	Inspect flightline maintenance actions	100
E138	Initiate, annotate, or review aircraft flight or	
	maintenance records, such as AFTO Forms 781 series	100
A12	Develop quality assurance programs	88
C70	Evaluate suggestions	88
C83	Write staff studies, surveys, or special reports, other	
	than training reports	88
E168	Perform routine inspection of tools or equipment	88
G266	Inspect chafing problem areas	88
A23	Schedule equipment or facility inspections	75
C62	Evaluate maintenance and inspection report findings	75
C71	Evaluate Technical Order improvement reports	75
C77	Investigate accidents or incidents	75
G271	Inspect waveguides	75
C57	Analyze recurring troubles on equipment identified	
	by deficiency or service reports	63
C69	Evaluate safety or security programs	63

TABLE IX

DEBRIEFERS IJT (STG 60)

VARIATIONS: N/A

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 5 % OF TOTAL SAMPLE: .5%

% ASSIGNED CONUS: 80%

MAJCOM: 80% TAC (20% USAFE) FUNCTIONAL AREA: Debriefing

AVERAGE TAFMS: 87 MONTHS AVERAGE TICF: 56 MONTHS AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-5 (E-4) AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 12

AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 1

,

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: Automatic Flight Control Systems (AFSCS)

Box, Breakout Hydrometer Inflight Monitor

Test Set, Fuel Quantity Gaugung

Tester, Fuel Quantity

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: Air Compressor

Gas Turbine Compressor

47%	Ε	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS
29%	G	PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS
11%	D	TRAINING
7%	C	FVALUATING AND INSPECTING

		PERCENT MEMBERS
TYPIC	TAL TASKS	PERFORMING
5100		
E138	Initiate, annotate, or review aircraft flight or	
	maintenance records, such as AFTO Forms 781 series	100
E147	Maintain debriefing forms	100
G264	Debrief aircrews	100
G263	Analyze avionics status panel (ASP) latch data	80
	Conduct OJT	40
E112	Annotate AFTO Forms 95 (Significant Historical Data)	40
E122	Compile data for reports, such as Signal Data Recorder	
-	(SDR) report and TEWS status report	40
E133	Initiate or complete AFTO Forms 349 (Maintenance Data	
	Collection Record)	40
E134	Initiate or complete AFTO Forms 349-3 (Maintenance Data	40
	Collection Record (Automated))	40
C62	Evaluate maintenance and inspection report findings	20
C63	Evaluate maintenance data collection (MDC) reports	20
000	Evaluate marrice and correction (ribb) reports	20

TABLE X

FLIGHTLINE EXPEDITERS IJT (STG 78)

VARIATIONS: N/A

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 5

% ASSIGNED CONUS: 80%

% OF TOTAL SAMPLE: .5%

MAJCOM: 80% TAC (20% AFSC) FUNCTIONAL AREA: Flightline

AVERAGE TAFMS: 206 MONTHS

AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 16

AVERAGE TICF: 78 MONTHS

AVERAGE # PERSON SUPERVISE: 5

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-6 (E-7)

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

47%	A	ORGANIZING AND PLANNING
26%	В	DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING
14%	Ε	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS
10%	С	EVALUATING AND INSPECTING

TYPICAL TASKS		
A5	Coordinate maintenance work with appropriate personnel or	
	agencies	100
A8	Determine work priorities	100
A 1	Assign maintenance and repair work	80
A6	Determine logistics requirements, such as space, personnel, or equipment	80
B28	Adjust daily maintenance plans to meet operational	
	commitments	80
B33	Direct flightline maintenance activities	60
B56	Supervise military personnel with AFSC other than 452X1	60
C75	Inspect flightline maintenance actions	60
A20	Plan or schedule work assignments	40
B36	Direct utilization or maintenance of equipment	40

TABLE XI

CONTROLLERS IJT (STG 61)

VARIATIONS: N/A

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 5 % ASSIGNED CONUS: 40% % OF TOTAL SAMPLE: .5% MAJCOM: 60% TAC (40% USAFE)

FUNCTIONAL AREA: MAINTENANCE OPERATIONAL

CONTROL CENTER

AVERAGE TAFMS: 148 MONTHS AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 11

AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 2

AVERAGE TICF: 79 MONTHS

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-5 (E-6)

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

37%	Α	ORGANIZING AND PLANNING
22%	Ε	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS
18%	D	TRAINING
16%	В	DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING

TYPIC	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING	
A5	Coordinate maintenance work with accounting a succession	
Λ3	Coordinate maintenance work with appropriate personnel or agencies	100
E145	Maintain aircraft and parts status indicators, such as	
	boards, graphs, or charts	100
D88	Conduct OJT	88
A 6	Determine logistics requirements, such as space,	
	personnel, or equipment	60
B32	Direct development of status indicators, such as boards,	
	graphs, or charts	60
D85	Annotate training records	60
B31	Counsel personnel on personal or military-related matters	40
A20	Plan or schedule work assignments	20
E148	Maintain deficiency, service, or status reports	20
E149	Maintain dispatch logs or boards	20
E154	Maintain microfiche stock files	20
E155	Maintain nondestructive inspection (NDI) records	20

TABLE XII

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG 130)

VARIATIONS: Flight Test Avionics Instrumentation Technicians

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 5

% ASSIGNED CONUS: 80%

% OF TOTAL SAMPLE: .5%

MAJCOM: 60% AFSC (20% AFLC, 20% PACAF)

FUNCTIONAL AREA: Flightline

AVERAGE TAFMS: 155 MONTHS AVERAGE TICF: 77 MONTHS AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-5/E-7

AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 123

AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 4

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: Box, Breakout

Hydrometer

Test Set, Air-to-Air IFF Interrogator (AAI) Test Set, IFF Transponder (AN/ASM-424) Test Set, Instrument Landing System (ILS)

Thru-Line WATT Meter

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: Air Compressor

Aircraft Radio

Liquid Oxygen Servicing

Equipment

Maintenance Crane

Nitrogen Servicing Equipment

DEDCENT

Oil Servicing Cart Portable Generator

Tow Vehicles

37%	1	F	PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS
25%	1	G	PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS
8%	1	E	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS
7%	1	Α	ORGANIZING AND PLANNING
6 %	1	В	DIRECTING AND IMPLEMENTING

TYPIC	MEMBERS PERFORMING	
A 1	Assign maintenance and repair work	100
E138	Initiate, annotate, or review aircraft flight or	
	maintenance records, such as AFTO Forms 781 series	100
F198	Jack or level aircraft	100
F223	Perform preuse inspection of hydraulic test stands or	
	hydraulic power	100
F227	Perform preuse inspection of oil servicing carts	100
	Inspect aircraft wiring	100

TABLE XII (CONTINUED)

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE IJT (STG 130)

TYPIC	PERCENT MEMBERS PERFORMING	
0250		100
G268	Inspect electrical relays	100
G274	Isolate malfunctions within electrical relays	100
G282	Remove or install electrical relays	100
G289	Repair chafed areas	100
A17	Establish work methods or controls	80
B55	Supervise Avionic System Technicians (AFSC 45271)	80
F191	Identify or classify aircraft fuel leaks	80
F204	Perform aircraft engine removal preparation procedures	80
F209	Perform aircraft supplemental inspections	80
F235	Remove or install aircraft brake assemblies	80
F238	Remove or install aircraft electrical system batteries	80
F242	Remove or install aircraft light lenses	80
F252	J	80

TABLE XIII

AIRCRAFT BATTLE DAMAGE REPAIR IJT (STG 92)

VARIATIONS: N/A

OF PEOPLE IN GROUP: 5

% OF TOTAL SAMPLE: .5%

% ASSIGNED CONUS: 80% MAJCOM: 80% AFIC (20%) MAJCOM: 80% AFLC (20% PACAF)

FUNCTIONAL AREA: Flightline

AVERAGE TAFMS: 97 MONTHS

AVERAGE TICF: 92 MONTHS

AVERAGE # OF TASKS: 43
AVERAGE # PERSONS SUPERVISE: 0

AVERAGE PAYGRADE: E-5

UNIQUE TEST EQUIPMENT USED: N/A

UNIQUE AIRCRAFT SYSTEM/SUPPORT EQUIPMENT USED: Air Compressor

Oil Servicing Cart

DEDCENT

43%	G	PERFORMING GENERAL AVIONIC SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE TASKS
24%	Ε	PERFORMING GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPLY TASKS
21%	F	PERFORMING GENERAL AIRCRAFT HANDLING TASKS

TYPIC	MEMBERS PERFORMING	
F225	Perform preuse inspection of maintenance stands	100
G272	Isolate malfunctions within aircraft wiring	100
G274	Isolate malfunctions within electrical relays	100
G280	Remove or install coaxial cables	100
G284	Remove or install multipin connectors (cannon plug)	100
G288	Repair aircraft wiring	100
G291	Trace wiring, system, and interface diagrams	100
E139	Inspect tools or equipment	80
F215	Perform preuse inspection of air compressors	80
F221	Perform preuse inspection of ground heaters and blowers	80
E140	Inventory equipment or supplies	60
E140	Inventory equipment or supplies	60